



Invesco V.I. Government Securities Fund



The Fund provides a complete list of its holdings four times in each fiscal year, at the quarter-ends. For the second and fourth quarters, the lists appear in the Fund's semi-annual and annual reports to shareholders. For the first and third quarters, the Fund files the lists with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on Form N-Q (or any successor Form). The Fund's Form N-Q (or any successor Form) filings are available on the SEC website, sec.gov. The SEC file numbers for the Fund are 811-07452 and 033-57340. The Fund's most recent portfolio holdings, as filed on Form N-Q (or any successor Form), have also been made available to insurance companies issuing variable annuity contracts and variable life insurance policies ("variable products") that invest in the Fund.

A description of the policies and procedures that the Fund uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities is available without charge, upon request, from our Client Services department at 800 959 4246 or at invesco.com/proxyguidelines. The information is also available on the SEC website, sec.gov.

Information regarding how the Fund voted proxies related to its portfolio securities during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available at invesco.com/proxysearch. The information is also available on the SEC website, sec.gov.

Invesco Advisers, Inc. is an investment adviser; it provides investment advisory services to individual and institutional clients and does not sell securities. Invesco Distributors, Inc. is the US distributor for Invesco Ltd.'s retail mutual funds, exchange-traded funds and institutional money market funds. Both are wholly owned, indirect subsidiaries of Invesco Ltd.

This report must be accompanied or preceded by a currently effective Fund prospectus and variable product prospectus, which contain more complete information, including sales charges and expenses. Investors should read each carefully before investing.

Management's Discussion of Fund Performance

Performance summary

For the year ended December 31, 2018, Series I shares of Invesco V.I. Government Securities Fund (the Fund) underperformed the Fund's style-specific index, the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Government Index.

Your Fund's long-term performance appears later in this report.

Fund vs. Indexes

Total returns, 12/31/17 to 12/31/18, excluding variable product issuer charges. If variable product issuer charges were included, returns would be lower.

Series I Shares	0.56%
Series II Shares	0.29
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index [▼] (Broad Market Index)	0.01
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Government Index [▼] (Style-Specific Index)	0.88
Lipper VUF General U.S. Government Funds Index [■] (Peer Group Index)	0.60

Source(s): [▼]FactSet Research Systems Inc.; [■]Lipper Inc.

Market conditions and your Fund

Calendar year 2018 proved to be an increasingly volatile time for the US bond market. The year began with a surge in both interest rates and volatility, which was driven in part by fears of a material pickup in inflation in addition to a significant increase in Treasury supply. Interest rates continued to climb as the year progressed against a backdrop of vibrant US economic growth, low unemployment, strong consumer confidence, equity markets near record highs and inflation expectations maintaining at a moderate pace. However, by October volatility returned fueled by a deceleration in global gross domestic product growth, ongoing trade disputes, rising geopolitical uncertainties and volatile equity market returns. Despite market uncertainties, US growth remained strong, but macroeconomic indicators pointed to a slowdown in 2019.

Given signs of a strong economy, the US Federal Reserve (the Fed) raised interest rates four times during the year: in March, June, September and December

2018. Following December's Federal Reserve meeting, Chairman Jerome Powell raised interest rates for the fourth time in 2018 by 25 basis points to a targeted range of 2.25% to 2.50%, and lowered guidance from three to two rate hikes in 2019, signaling a slightly more dovish stance than expected.¹ In contrast, the European Central Bank and central banks in several other countries maintained extraordinarily accommodative monetary policies.

The yield curve flattened during 2018 as the two-year US Treasury yield rose 59 basis points, while the 30-year US Treasury yield rose 26 basis points.² (A basis point is 0.01%.) The 10-year US Treasury yield ended the year at 2.69%, 29 basis points higher than where it began the year.²

Given this market backdrop, the Fund's total return for the year was positive, but the Fund underperformed its style-specific benchmark, the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Government Index.

Most of the Fund's performance relative to the style-specific benchmark in 2018 was driven by the Fund's out-of-in-

dex exposure to structured securities. These securities included agency pass-through mortgage-backed securities, high-quality residential mortgage-backed securities and commercial mortgage-backed securities. The Fund's duration underweight relative to its style-specific benchmark also proved to be beneficial to the Fund's return as interest rates rose during the year. Out-of-index exposure to agency collateralized mortgage obligations was the largest detractor from the Fund's performance for the year. The Fund's use of derivatives during the year included interest rate futures to manage yield curve exposure and swaptions to hedge interest rate volatility.

The Fund utilizes duration and yield curve positioning for risk management and for generating returns. Duration measures a portfolio's price sensitivity to interest rate changes, with a shorter duration tending to be less sensitive to these changes. Yield curve positioning refers to actively emphasizing points (maturities) along the yield curve with favorable risk-return expectations. During the year, duration was managed with cash, bonds and futures positions. Buying and selling interest rate futures contracts was an important tool we used to manage interest rate risk. The Fund also used swaptions to hedge interest rate volatility during the year.

Please note that our strategy is implemented using derivative instruments, including futures, swaps and options. Therefore, a portion of the performance of the Fund, both positive and negative, can be attributed to these instruments. Derivatives can be a cost-effective way to gain or hedge exposure to certain risks and asset classes. However, derivatives may amplify traditional investment risks through the creation of leverage and may

Portfolio Composition

By security type	% of total net investments
U.S. Treasury Securities	47.8%
U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	40.0
Non-U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Securities	12.1
U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Securities	1.7
Put Options Purchased	0.0
Money Market Funds	
Plus Other Assets Less Liabilities	-1.6

Top Five Debt Issuers*

	% of total net assets
1. U.S. Treasury	40.9%
2. Federal National Mortgage Association	10.4
3. Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	8.3
4. Fannie Mae REMICs	6.9
5. Freddie Mac REMICs	5.9

Total Net Assets	\$471.2 million
Total Number of Holdings*	600

The Fund's holdings are subject to change, and there is no assurance that the Fund will continue to hold any particular security.

*Excluding money market fund holdings.

Data presented here are as of December 31, 2018.

be less liquid than traditional securities.

We wish to remind you that the Fund is subject to interest rate risk, meaning when interest rates rise, the value of fixed income securities tends to fall. This risk may be greater in the current market environment because interest rates are near historic lows. The degree to which the value of fixed income securities may decline due to rising interest rates may vary depending on the speed and magnitude of the increase in interest rates as well as individual security characteristics, such as price, maturity, duration and coupon, and market forces such as supply and demand for similar securities. We are monitoring interest rates, and the market, economic and geopolitical factors that may impact the direction, speed and magnitude of changes to interest rates across the maturity spectrum, including the potential impact of monetary policy changes by the Fed and certain foreign central banks. If interest rates rise, markets may experience increased volatility, which may affect the value and/or liquidity of certain of the Fund's investments.

We welcome new investors who joined the Fund during the year and thank you for your investment in Invesco V.I. Government Securities Fund.

- 1 Source: US Federal Reserve
- 2 Source: US Department of the Treasury

The views and opinions expressed in management's discussion of Fund performance are those of Invesco Advisers, Inc. These views and opinions are subject to change at any time based on factors such as market and economic conditions. These views and opinions may not be relied upon as investment advice or recommendations, or as an offer for a particular security. The information is not a complete analysis of every aspect of any market, country, industry, security or the Fund. Statements of fact are from sources considered reliable, but Invesco Advisers, Inc. makes no representation or warranty as to their completeness or accuracy. Although historical performance is no guarantee of future results, these insights may help you understand our investment management philosophy.

See important Fund and, if applicable, index disclosures later in this report.



Clint Dudley

Chartered Financial Analyst, Portfolio Manager, is manager of Invesco V.I. Government Securities Fund. He joined Invesco in 1998. Mr. Dudley earned a BBA and an MBA from Baylor University.



Brian Schneider

Chartered Financial Analyst, Portfolio Manager, is manager of Invesco V.I. Government Securities Fund. He joined Invesco in 1987. Mr. Schneider earned a BA in economics and an MBA from Bellarmine University (formerly Bellarmine College).



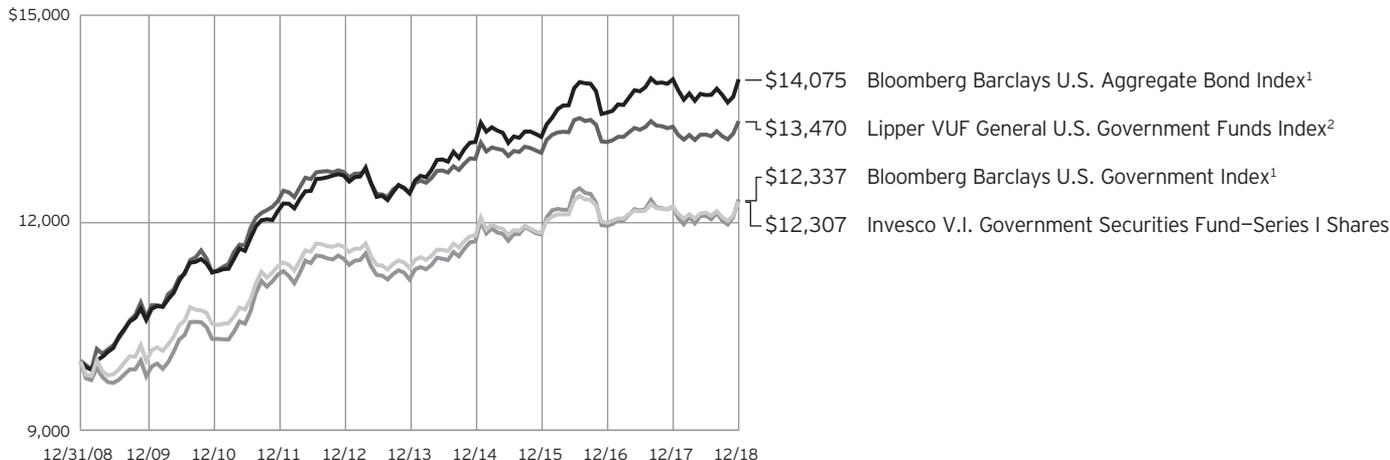
Robert Waldner

Chartered Financial Analyst, Portfolio Manager, is manager of Invesco V.I. Government Securities Fund. He joined Invesco in 2013. Mr. Waldner earned a BSE degree in civil engineering from Princeton University.

Your Fund's Long-Term Performance

Results of a \$10,000 Investment – Oldest Share Class(es)

Fund and index data from 12/31/08



1 Source: FactSet Research Systems Inc.

2 Source: Lipper Inc.

Past performance cannot guarantee comparable future results.

Average Annual Total Returns	
As of 12/31/18	
Series I Shares	
Inception (5/5/93)	4.08%
10 Years	2.10
5 Years	1.64
1 Year	0.56
Series II Shares	
Inception (9/19/01)	3.07%
10 Years	1.84
5 Years	1.38
1 Year	0.29

The performance of the Fund's Series I and Series II share classes will differ primarily due to different class expenses.

The performance data quoted represent past performance and cannot guarantee comparable future results; current performance may be lower or higher. Please contact your variable product issuer or financial adviser for the most recent month-end variable product performance. Performance figures reflect Fund expenses, reinvested

distributions and changes in net asset value. Performance figures in the table and chart do not reflect deduction of taxes a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption of Fund shares. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate so that you may have a gain or loss when you sell shares.

The total annual Fund operating expense ratio set forth in the most recent Fund prospectus as of the date of this report for Series I and Series II shares was 0.70% and 0.95%, respectively. The expense ratios presented above may vary from the expense ratios presented in other sections of this report that are based on expenses incurred during the period covered by this report.

Invesco V.I. Government Securities Fund, a series portfolio of AIM Variable Insurance Funds (Invesco Variable Insurance Funds), is currently offered through insurance companies issuing variable products. You cannot purchase shares of the Fund directly.

Performance figures given represent the Fund and are not intended to reflect actual variable product values. They do not reflect sales charges, expenses and fees assessed in connection with a variable product. Sales charges, expenses and fees, which are determined by the variable product issuers, will vary and will lower the total return.

The most recent month-end performance at the Fund level, excluding variable product charges, is available at 800 451 4246. As mentioned above, for the most recent month-end performance including variable product charges, please contact your variable product issuer or financial adviser.

Fund performance reflects any applicable fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. Had the adviser not waived fees and/or reimbursed expenses currently or in the past, returns would have been lower. See current prospectus for more information.

Invesco V.I. Government Securities Fund's investment objective is total return, comprised of current income and capital appreciation.

- Unless otherwise stated, information presented in this report is as of December 31, 2018, and is based on total net assets.
- Unless otherwise noted, all data provided by Invesco.

Principal risks of investing in the Fund

Changing fixed income market conditions risk. The current low interest rate environment was created in part by the Federal Reserve Board (FRB) and certain foreign central banks keeping the federal funds and equivalent foreign rates near, at or below zero. Increases in the federal funds and equivalent foreign rates may expose fixed income markets to heightened volatility and reduced liquidity for certain fixed income investments, particularly those with longer maturities. In addition, decreases in fixed income dealer market-making capacity may also potentially lead to heightened volatility and reduced liquidity in the fixed income markets. As a result, the value of the Fund's investments and share price may decline. Changes in central bank policies could also result in higher than normal shareholder redemptions, which could potentially increase portfolio turnover and the Fund's transaction costs.

Collateralized loan obligations risk. CLOs are subject to the risks of substantial losses due to actual defaults by underlying borrowers, which will be greater during periods of economic or financial stress. CLOs may also lose value due to collateral defaults and disappearance of subordinate tranches, market anticipation of defaults, and investor aversion to CLO securities as a class. The risks of CLOs will be greater if the Fund invests in CLOs that hold loans of uncreditworthy borrowers or if the Fund holds subordinate tranches of the CLO that absorbs losses from the defaults before senior tranches. In addition, CLOs are subject to interest rate risk and credit risk.

Debt securities risk. The prices of debt securities held by the Fund will be affected by changes in interest rates, the creditworthiness of the issuer and other factors. An increase in prevailing interest rates typically causes the value of existing debt securities to fall and often has a greater impact on longer-duration debt securities and higher quality debt securities. Falling interest rates will cause the Fund to reinvest the proceeds of debt securities that have been repaid by the issuer at lower interest rates. Falling interest rates may also reduce the Fund's distributable income because interest payments on floating rate debt instruments held by

the Fund will decline. The Fund could lose money on investments in debt securities if the issuer or borrower fails to meet its obligations to make interest payments and/or to repay principal in a timely manner. Changes in an issuer's financial strength, the market's perception of such strength or in the credit rating of the issuer or the security may affect the value of debt securities. The Adviser's credit analysis may fail to anticipate such changes, which could result in buying a debt security at an inopportune time or failing to sell a debt security in advance of a price decline or other credit event.

Derivatives risk. The value of a derivative instrument depends largely on (and is derived from) the value of an underlying security, currency, commodity, interest rate, index or other asset (each referred to as an underlying asset). In addition to risks relating to the underlying assets, the use of derivatives may include other, possibly greater, risks, including counterparty, leverage and liquidity risks. Counterparty risk is the risk that the counterparty to the derivative contract will default on its obligation to pay the Fund the amount owed or otherwise perform under the derivative contract. Derivatives create leverage risk because they do not require payment up front equal to the economic exposure created by holding a position in the derivative. As a result, an adverse change in the value of the underlying asset could result in the Fund sustaining a loss that is substantially greater than the amount invested in the derivative or the anticipated value of the underlying asset, which may make the Fund's returns more volatile and increase the risk of loss. Derivative instruments may also be less liquid than more traditional investments and the Fund may be unable to sell or close out its derivative positions at a desirable time or price. This risk may be more acute under adverse market conditions, during which the Fund may be most in need of liquidating its derivative positions. Derivatives may also be harder to value, less tax efficient and subject to changing government regulation that could impact the Fund's ability to use certain derivatives or their cost. Derivatives strategies may not always be successful. For example, derivatives used for hedging or to gain or limit exposure to a particular market segment

may not provide the expected benefits, particularly during adverse market conditions.

Management risk. The Fund is actively managed and depends heavily on the Adviser's judgment about markets, interest rates or the attractiveness, relative values, liquidity, or potential appreciation of particular investments made for the Fund's portfolio. The Fund could experience losses if these judgments prove to be incorrect. Additionally, legislative, regulatory, or tax developments may adversely affect management of the Fund and, therefore, the ability of the Fund to achieve its investment objective.

Market risk. The market values of the Fund's investments, and therefore the value of the Fund's shares, will go up and down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. Market risk may affect a single issuer, industry or section of the economy, or it may affect the market as a whole. Individual stock prices tend to go up and down more dramatically than those of certain other types of investments, such as bonds. During a general downturn in the financial markets, multiple asset classes may decline in value. When markets perform well, there can be no assurance that specific investments held by the Fund will rise in value.

Mortgage- and asset-backed securities risk. Mortgage- and asset-backed securities, including collateralized debt obligations and collateralized mortgage obligations, are subject to prepayment or call risk, which is the risk that a borrower's payments may be received earlier or later than expected due to changes in prepayment rates on underlying loans. This could result in the Fund reinvesting these early payments at lower interest rates, thereby reducing the Fund's income. Mortgage- and asset-backed securities also are subject to extension risk, which is the risk that an unexpected rise in interest rates could reduce the rate of prepayments, causing the price of the mortgage- and asset-backed securities and the Fund's share price to fall. An unexpectedly high rate of defaults on the mortgages held by a mortgage pool may adversely affect the value of mortgage-backed securities and could result in losses to the Fund. The Fund may invest in mortgage pools that include subprime mortgages, which are loans made to bor-

rowers with weakened credit histories or with lower capacity to make timely payments on their mortgages. Privately issued mortgage-related securities are not subject to the same underwriting requirements as those with government or government-sponsored entity guarantees and, therefore, mortgage loans underlying privately issued mortgage-related securities may have less favorable collateral, credit risk or other underwriting characteristics, and wider variances in interest rate, term, size, purpose and borrower characteristics.

TBA transactions risk. TBA transactions involve the risk of loss if the securities received are less favorable than what was anticipated by the Fund when entering into the TBA transaction, or if the counterparty fails to deliver the securities. When the Fund enters into a short sale of a TBA mortgage it does not own, the Fund may have to purchase deliverable mortgages to settle the short sale at a higher price than anticipated, thereby causing a loss. As there is no limit on how much the price of mortgage securities can increase, the Fund's exposure is unlimited. The Fund may not always be able to purchase mortgage securities to close out the short position at a particular time or at an acceptable price. In addition, taking short positions results in a form of leverage, which could increase the volatility of the Fund's share price.

US government obligations risk. Obligations of US government agencies and authorities receive varying levels of support and may not be backed by the full faith and credit of the US government, which could affect the Fund's ability to recover should they default. No assurance can be given that the US government will provide financial support to its agencies and authorities if it is not obligated by law to do so.

When-issued, delayed delivery and forward commitment risks. When-issued and delayed delivery transactions subject the Fund to market risk because the value or yield of a security at delivery may be more or less than the purchase price or yield generally available when delivery occurs, and counterparty risk because the Fund relies on the buyer or seller, as the case may be, to consummate the transaction. These transactions also have a leveraging effect on the Fund because

the Fund commits to purchase securities that it does not have to pay for until a later date, which increases the Fund's overall investment exposure and, as a result, its volatility.

Zero coupon or pay-in-kind securities risk. The value, interest rates, and liquidity of non-cash paying instruments, such as zero coupon and pay-in-kind securities, are subject to greater fluctuation than other types of securities. The higher yields and interest rates on pay-in-kind securities reflect the payment deferral and increased credit risk associated with such instruments and that such investments may represent a higher credit risk than loans that periodically pay interest.

About indexes used in this report

The **Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index** is an unmanaged index considered representative of the US investment grade, fixed-rate bond market.

The **Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Government Index** is an unmanaged index considered representative of fixed income obligations issued by the US Treasury, government agencies and quasi-federal corporations.

The **Lipper VUF General U.S. Government Funds Index** is an unmanaged index considered representative of general US government variable insurance underlying funds tracked by Lipper.

The Fund is not managed to track the performance of any particular index, including the index(es) described here, and consequently, the performance of the Fund may deviate significantly from the performance of the index(es).

A direct investment cannot be made in an index. Unless otherwise indicated, index results include reinvested dividends, and they do not reflect sales charges. Performance of the peer group, if applicable, reflects fund expenses; performance of a market index does not.

Other information

The returns shown in management's discussion of Fund performance are based on net asset values calculated for shareholder transactions. Generally accepted accounting principles require adjustments to be made to the net assets of the Fund at period end for financial reporting purposes, and as such, the net asset values for shareholder transactions and the returns based on those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns reported in the Financial Highlights. Additionally, the returns and net asset values shown throughout this report are at the Fund level only and do not include variable product issuer charges. If such charges were included, the total returns would be lower.

Schedule of Investments

December 31, 2018

	Principal Amount	Value
U.S. Treasury Securities-47.76%		
U.S. Treasury Bills-0.28%		
0.71%-1.56%, 01/24/2019 ^{(a)(b)}	\$ 1,335,000	\$ 1,333,024
U.S. Treasury Notes-34.73%		
0.75%, 07/15/2019	8,100,000	8,022,905
1.63%, 07/31/2019	2,700,000	2,685,704
1.75%, 09/30/2019	2,500,000	2,483,971
3.38%, 11/15/2019	625,000	628,813
1.75%, 11/30/2019	3,000,000	2,976,712
1.50%, 04/15/2020	2,000,000	1,973,527
2.50%, 05/31/2020	2,000,000	1,998,350
2.00%, 09/30/2020	2,500,000	2,478,117
2.75%, 09/30/2020	11,500,000	11,543,523
1.75%, 12/31/2020	2,500,000	2,464,370
2.50%, 12/31/2020	5,900,000	5,899,217
2.00%, 01/15/2021	9,250,000	9,156,860
1.38%, 01/31/2021	3,000,000	2,931,255
2.63%, 05/15/2021	2,000,000	2,006,539
3.13%, 05/15/2021	2,100,000	2,131,473
2.13%, 08/15/2021	2,700,000	2,675,780
2.00%, 10/31/2021	2,500,000	2,468,265
2.00%, 11/15/2021	3,300,000	3,258,141
2.00%, 12/31/2021	3,000,000	2,959,576
1.75%, 05/15/2022	4,000,000	3,907,222
2.13%, 06/30/2022	3,000,000	2,965,076
2.00%, 07/31/2022	2,000,000	1,967,552
1.63%, 08/31/2022	5,000,000	4,851,243
1.63%, 11/15/2022	2,000,000	1,936,826
2.00%, 11/30/2022	2,700,000	2,651,575
2.13%, 12/31/2022	12,000,000	11,834,340
2.38%, 01/31/2023	2,000,000	1,991,288
1.63%, 04/30/2023	4,000,000	3,858,254
1.63%, 05/31/2023	1,400,000	1,349,145
2.75%, 05/31/2023	13,500,000	13,649,547
1.63%, 10/31/2023	625,000	600,007
2.13%, 11/30/2023	5,500,000	5,401,702
2.13%, 03/31/2024	4,000,000	3,921,984
2.13%, 07/31/2024	3,000,000	2,935,622
2.25%, 11/15/2024	5,000,000	4,915,830
2.88%, 05/31/2025	4,000,000	4,070,964
2.88%, 11/30/2025	2,500,000	2,546,482
1.50%, 08/15/2026	8,750,000	8,077,586
2.38%, 05/15/2027	1,000,000	980,091
2.25%, 11/15/2027	4,000,000	3,868,037
2.88%, 05/15/2028	2,000,000	2,032,594
3.13%, 11/15/2028	2,500,000	2,595,326
		163,651,391

	Principal Amount	Value
U.S. Treasury Bonds-12.75%		
8.75%, 05/15/2020	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,299,146
7.88%, 02/15/2021	1,100,000	1,221,475
5.38%, 02/15/2031	3,800,000	4,831,784
3.38%, 05/15/2044	6,000,000	6,403,623
3.00%, 05/15/2045	7,000,000	7,001,455
2.88%, 08/15/2045	750,000	732,057
3.00%, 11/15/2045	3,000,000	3,000,204
2.50%, 05/15/2046	6,000,000	5,423,109
2.25%, 08/15/2046	6,550,000	5,610,631
3.00%, 05/15/2047	7,300,000	7,283,823
2.75%, 08/15/2047	10,000,000	9,490,862
2.75%, 11/15/2047	5,500,000	5,215,407
3.13%, 05/15/2048	2,500,000	2,552,587
		60,066,163
Total U.S. Treasury Securities (Cost \$227,699,675)		225,050,578

U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities-40.00%

Collateralized Mortgage Obligations-16.25%

Fannie Mae ACES, 2.89% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.59%), 09/25/2023 ^(c)	1,794,659	1,799,122
Fannie Mae REMICs,		
5.00%, 08/25/2019	13,812	13,815
3.00%, 10/25/2025	177,679	177,338
2.50%, 03/25/2026	214,474	214,029
7.00%, 09/18/2027	217,118	236,380
1.50%, 01/25/2028	3,800,676	3,655,934
6.50%, 03/25/2032	640,080	710,231
5.75%, 10/25/2035	256,258	275,510
4.25%, 02/25/2037	441,051	446,039
2.81% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.30%), 05/25/2036 ^(c)	2,223,041	2,224,119
2.96% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.45%), 03/25/2037 ^(c)	998,030	1,003,747
2.91% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.40%), 06/25/2038 ^(c)	1,905,915	1,909,597
6.59%, 06/25/2039 ^(d)	2,772,012	3,110,228
4.00%, 02/25/2040 to 07/25/2040	1,958,410	2,029,858
3.01% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.50%), 03/25/2040 to 05/25/2041 ^(c)	2,631,023	2,639,110
3.06% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.55%), 02/25/2041 ^(c)	2,202,053	2,209,411
3.03% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.52%), 11/25/2041 ^(c)	1,108,741	1,115,773
2.62% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.32%), 08/25/2044 ^(c)	2,123,364	2,117,963
2.78% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.48%), 02/25/2056 ^(c)	4,139,817	4,144,686
2.72% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.42%), 12/25/2056 ^(c)	4,202,447	4,197,676

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements which are an integral part of the financial statements.

	Principal Amount	Value
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations--(continued)		
Freddie Mac REMICs, 3.00%, 04/15/2026	\$ 259,861	\$ 258,720
2.96% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.50%), 12/15/2035 to 03/15/2040 ^(c)	3,811,918	3,835,532
2.76% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.30%), 03/15/2036 to 09/15/2044 ^(c)	9,912,720	9,888,523
2.70% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.35%), 11/15/2036 ^(c)	3,028,362	3,025,160
2.83% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.37%), 03/15/2037 ^(c)	1,124,329	1,127,578
2.86% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.40%), 05/15/2037 to 06/15/2037 ^(c)	2,304,289	2,312,885
3.32% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.86%), 11/15/2039 ^(c)	582,523	595,372
2.91% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.45%), 03/15/2040 to 02/15/2042 ^(c)	6,561,778	6,580,038
Freddie Mac STRIPS, 2.70% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.35%), 10/15/2037 ^(c)	2,398,497	2,404,881
Freddie Mac Whole Loan Securities Trust, 3.50%, 05/25/2047	1,866,598	1,863,250
Ginnie Mae REMICs, 6.00%, 01/16/2025	224,583	234,293
5.72%, 08/20/2034 ^(d)	1,004,677	1,094,214
5.88%, 01/20/2039 ^(d)	3,480,032	3,802,749
3.26% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.80%), 09/16/2039 ^(c)	1,091,281	1,112,306
4.49%, 07/20/2041 ^(d)	778,051	808,085
3.44%, 09/20/2041 ^(d)	2,774,808	2,872,847
2.72% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.25%), 01/20/2042 ^(c)	520,518	520,410
		76,567,409

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC)-8.34%

Pass Through Cfts., 6.50%, 05/01/2019 to 12/01/2035	2,008,380	2,234,331
6.00%, 07/01/2019 to 07/01/2038	219,416	233,077
4.50%, 09/01/2020 to 08/01/2041	6,950,350	7,277,862
10.00%, 03/01/2021	966	969
9.00%, 06/01/2021 to 06/01/2022	19,060	19,254
7.00%, 12/01/2021 to 11/01/2035	2,500,099	2,779,610
8.00%, 12/01/2021 to 02/01/2035	634,212	668,028
7.50%, 09/01/2022 to 06/01/2035	799,921	879,722
8.50%, 11/17/2022 to 08/01/2031	341,945	372,237
5.50%, 12/01/2022	55,424	55,784
3.50%, 08/01/2026	534,528	541,906
3.00%, 05/01/2027 to 02/01/2032	5,706,730	5,699,785
7.05%, 05/20/2027	93,467	99,354
6.03%, 10/20/2030	682,088	745,326
5.00%, 01/01/2037 to 01/01/2040	1,016,240	1,080,384
Pass Through Cfts., ARM, 4.71% (1 yr. USD LIBOR + 1.88%), 09/01/2035 ^(c)	3,060,864	3,219,630
4.43% (1 yr. USD LIBOR + 1.87%), 07/01/2036 ^(c)	2,670,166	2,802,893

	Principal Amount	Value
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC)--(continued)		
4.31% (1 yr. USD LIBOR + 1.55%), 10/01/2036 ^(c)	\$ 1,389,144	\$ 1,447,436
4.74% (1 yr. USD LIBOR + 1.91%), 10/01/2036 ^(c)	109,579	115,617
4.78% (1 yr. USD LIBOR + 1.98%), 11/01/2037 ^(c)	774,883	814,651
4.35% (1 yr. USD LIBOR + 2.01%), 01/01/2038 ^(c)	52,685	55,332
4.38% (1 yr. USD LIBOR + 1.84%), 07/01/2038 ^(c)	754,473	792,956
4.23% (1 yr. USD LIBOR + 1.78%), 06/01/2043 ^(c)	1,225,288	1,274,911
2.89% (1 yr. USD LIBOR + 1.64%), 01/01/2048 ^(c)	6,109,489	6,115,156
		39,326,211

Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA)-12.45%

Pass Through Cfts., 6.50%, 02/01/2019 to 11/01/2037	1,964,495	2,118,988
4.50%, 04/01/2019 to 10/01/2048	9,526,493	9,934,361
5.00%, 03/01/2020 to 12/01/2033	223,402	230,257
7.00%, 08/01/2020 to 06/01/2036	2,299,309	2,428,733
8.00%, 02/01/2021 to 10/01/2037	2,320,493	2,656,156
8.50%, 02/01/2021 to 08/01/2037	712,845	786,423
5.50%, 03/01/2021 to 05/01/2035	1,152,457	1,233,763
6.00%, 08/01/2021 to 10/01/2038	1,327,715	1,437,389
7.50%, 11/01/2022 to 08/01/2037	3,624,356	4,024,527
6.75%, 07/01/2024	206,610	221,832
6.95%, 10/01/2025	15,207	15,331
3.50%, 03/01/2027 to 08/01/2027	7,208,727	7,311,289
3.00%, 05/01/2027 to 07/01/2032	10,531,441	10,534,216
4.00%, 12/01/2048	9,189,763	9,424,039

Pass Through Cfts., ARM, 4.83% (1 yr. U.S. Treasury Yield Curve Rate + 2.36%), 10/01/2034 ^(c)	1,718,751	1,818,525
4.30% (1 yr. U.S. Treasury Yield Curve Rate + 2.21%), 05/01/2035 ^(c)	225,668	237,997
4.11% (1 yr. USD LIBOR + 1.72%), 03/01/2038 ^(c)	54,998	57,688
4.47% (1 yr. USD LIBOR + 1.76%), 02/01/2042 ^(c)	532,110	546,055
2.17% (1 yr. USD LIBOR + 1.52%), 08/01/2043 ^(c)	1,895,516	1,871,179
2.28% (1 yr. U.S. Treasury Yield Curve Rate + 1.88%), 05/01/2044 ^(c)	1,739,566	1,758,158
		58,646,906

Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA)-2.96%

Pass Through Cfts., 7.00%, 07/15/2019 to 12/15/2036	724,298	781,022
6.50%, 07/15/2020 to 09/15/2034	2,752,814	2,959,407
6.00%, 09/15/2020 to 08/15/2033	429,245	458,362
7.50%, 09/15/2022 to 10/15/2035	1,798,938	1,989,932
8.00%, 01/15/2023 to 01/15/2037	985,554	1,108,094
5.00%, 02/15/2025	148,807	154,801

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements which are an integral part of the financial statements.

	Principal Amount	Value
Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA)-(continued)		
8.50%, 02/15/2025 to 01/15/2037	\$ 136,063	\$ 140,860
6.95%, 08/20/2025 to 08/20/2027	158,097	158,182
6.38%, 10/20/2027 to 02/20/2028	209,455	214,585
6.10%, 12/20/2033	3,489,693	3,844,619
3.50%, 10/20/2042	2,161,015	2,154,372
		13,964,236
Total U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities (Cost \$188,295,172)		188,504,762

Non-U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Securities-12.09%

Collateralized Mortgage Obligations-9.78%

Banc of America Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2015-UBS7, Class XA, IO, Variable Rate Pass Through Cdfs., 0.85%, 09/15/2048 ^(d)	16,212,315	713,946
Bear Stearns Adjustable Rate Mortgage Trust, Series 2004-10, Class 12A1, Variable Rate Pass Through Cdfs., 4.14%, 01/25/2035 ^(d)	495,966	502,875
Chase Mortgage Trust, Series 2016-1, Class M3, Variable Rate Pass Through Cdfs., 3.75%, 04/25/2045 ^{(d)(e)}	2,285,816	2,271,942
Series 2016-2, Class M3, Variable Rate Pass Through Cdfs., 3.75%, 12/25/2045 ^{(d)(e)}	2,687,524	2,653,884
Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2015-CR23, Class CMB, Variable Rate Pass Through Cdfs., 3.68%, 05/10/2048 ^{(d)(e)}	4,740,000	4,748,639
Series 2015-CR24, Class B, Variable Rate Pass Through Cdfs., 4.38%, 08/10/2048 ^(d)	6,200,000	6,356,002
Galton Funding Mortgage Trust, Series 2018-2, Class A41, Pass Through Cdfs., 4.50%, 10/25/2058 ^(e)	4,484,365	4,561,369
JP Morgan Mortgage Trust, Series 2018-8, Class A15, Variable Rate Pass Through Cdfs., 4.00%, 01/25/2049 ^{(d)(e)}	3,372,700	3,408,747
New Residential Mortgage Loan Trust, Series 2018-4A, Class A1S, Floating Rate Pass Through Cdfs., 3.26% (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.75%), 01/25/2048 ^{(c)(e)}	4,558,443	4,545,850
Starwood Mortgage Residential Trust, Series 2018-IMC2, Class A3, Rate Pass Through Cdfs., 4.38%, 10/25/2048 ^(e)	4,604,839	4,653,089

Investment Abbreviations:

ACES - Automatically Convertible Extendable Security
 ARM - Adjustable Rate Mortgage
 Cdfs. - Certificates
 Gtd. - Guaranteed
 IO - Interest Only
 LIBOR - London Interbank Offered Rate

	Principal Amount	Value
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations-(continued)		
Towd Point Mortgage Trust, Series 2015-1, Class AES, Variable Rate Pass Through Cdfs., 3.00%, 10/25/2053 ^{(d)(e)}	\$ 1,721,387	\$ 1,712,636
Verus Securitization Trust, Series 2018-3, Class A2, Pass Through Cdfs., 4.18%, 10/25/2058 ^(e)	4,074,850	4,058,866
Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2015-C28, Class B, Variable Rate Pass Through Cdfs., 4.13%, 05/15/2048 ^(d)	5,900,000	5,906,122
		46,093,967

Bonds & Notes-2.31%

Israel Government Agency for International Development (AID) Bond, Unsec. Gtd. Global Bonds, 5.13%, 11/01/2024	3,800,000	4,293,794
Private Export Funding Corp., Series BB, Sec. Gtd. Notes, 4.30%, 12/15/2021	1,540,000	1,609,566
Series HH, Sr. Sec. Gtd. Notes, 1.45%, 08/15/2019	5,000,000	4,959,405
		10,862,765
Total Non-U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Securities (Cost \$56,517,268)		56,956,732

U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Securities-1.75%

Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)-1.34%

Unsec. Bonds, 3.38%, 06/12/2020	6,220,000	6,293,999
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Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA)-0.41%

Sr. Unsec. Global Notes, 1.88%, 08/15/2022	2,000,000	1,947,660
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Total U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Securities (Cost \$8,315,322)		8,241,659
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Shares

Money Market Funds-1.23%

Invesco Government & Agency Portfolio-Institutional Class, 2.30% (Cost \$5,779,554) ^(f)	5,779,554	5,779,554
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Options Purchased-0.00%

(Cost \$160,800) ^(g)		12,016
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TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES-102.83% (Cost \$486,767,791)		484,545,301
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OTHER ASSETS LESS LIABILITIES-(2.83)%		(13,343,503)
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NET ASSETS-100.00%		\$471,201,798
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REMICs - Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits

Sec. - Secured

Sr. - Senior

STRIPS - Separately Traded Registered Interest and Principal Security

Unsec. - Unsecured

USD - U.S. Dollar

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements which are an integral part of the financial statements.

Notes to Schedule of Investments:

- (a) Security traded on a discount basis. The interest rate shown represents the discount rate at the time of purchase by the Fund.
- (b) All or a portion of the value was pledged as collateral to cover margin requirements for open futures contracts and swap agreements. See Note 1J, 1M and Note 4.
- (c) Interest or dividend rate is redetermined periodically. Rate shown is the rate in effect on December 31, 2018.
- (d) Interest rate is redetermined periodically based on the cash flows generated by the pool of assets backing the security, less any applicable fees. The rate shown is the rate in effect on December 31, 2018.
- (e) Security purchased or received in a transaction exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"). The security may be resold pursuant to an exemption from registration under the 1933 Act, typically to qualified institutional buyers. The aggregate value of these securities at December 31, 2018 was \$32,615,022, which represented 6.92% of the Fund's Net Assets.
- (f) The money market fund and the Fund are affiliated by having the same investment adviser. The rate shown is the 7-day SEC standardized yield as of December 31, 2018.
- (g) The table below details options purchased: See Note 1L and Note 4:

Open Over-The-Counter Interest Rate Swaptions Purchased

Description	Type of Contract	Counterparty	Exercise Rate	Pay/Receive Exercise Rate	Floating Rate Index	Payment Frequency	Expiration Date	Notional Value	Value
10 Year Interest Rate Swap	Put	BNP Paribas Securities Corp.	3.25%	Pay	3 month USD LIBOR	Quarterly	03/12/2019	\$20,000,000	\$12,016
Total Options Purchased – Interest Rate Risk (Cost \$160,800)									\$12,016

Open Futures Contracts

	Number of Contracts	Expiration Month	Notional Value	Value	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) ^(a)
Long Futures Contracts					
U.S. Treasury 5 Year Notes	52	March-2019	\$ 5,963,750	\$ 12,501	\$ 12,501
U.S. Treasury 10 Year Notes	64	March-2019	7,809,000	111,316	111,316
U.S. Treasury Ultra Bonds	85	March-2019	13,655,781	407,090	407,090
Subtotal – Long Future Contracts				530,907	530,907
Short Futures Contracts					
U.S. Treasury 2 Year Notes	99	March-2019	(21,018,938)	(87,071)	(87,071)
U.S. Treasury 10 Year Ultra Bonds	34	March-2019	(4,422,656)	(140,726)	(140,726)
Subtotal – Short Future Contracts				(227,797)	(227,797)
Total Futures Contracts – Interest Rate Risk				\$ 303,110	\$ 303,110

Open Centrally Cleared Interest Rate Swap Agreements

Pay/Receive Floating Rate	Floating Rate Index	Payment Frequency	(Pay)/Receive Fixed Rate	Payment Frequency	Maturity Date	Notional Value	Upfront Payments Paid (Received)	Value	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) ^(a)	
Pay	3 month USD LIBOR	Quarterly	2.93%	Semi-Annually	03/14/2019	\$ (6,221,000)	\$-	\$(115,279)	\$(115,279)	
Pay	3 month USD LIBOR	Quarterly	3.21	Semi-Annually	03/14/2019	10,151,000	-	440,944	440,944	
Total Centrally Cleared Interest Rate Swap Agreements – Interest Rate Risk								\$-	\$ 325,665	\$ 325,665

- (a) The daily variation margin receivable at period-end is recorded in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements which are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

December 31, 2018

Assets:

Investments in securities, at value (Cost \$480,988,237)	\$478,765,747
Investments in affiliated money market funds, at value and cost	5,779,554
Other investments:	
Variation margin receivable – futures contracts	47,464
Variation margin receivable – centrally cleared swap agreements	16,325
Receivable for:	
Investments sold	6,005,804
Fund shares sold	17,692
Dividends	2,053,144
Investment for trustee deferred compensation and retirement plans	212,430
Other assets	381
Total assets	492,898,541

Liabilities:

Payable for:	
Investments purchased	20,017,121
Amount due to custodian	347,168
Fund shares reacquired	746,467
Accrued fees to affiliates	301,966
Accrued trustees' and officers' fees and benefits	5,186
Accrued other operating expenses	46,197
Trustee deferred compensation and retirement plans	232,638
Total liabilities	21,696,743
Net assets applicable to shares outstanding	\$471,201,798

Net assets consist of:

Shares of beneficial interest	\$482,331,737
Distributable earnings	(11,129,939)
	\$471,201,798

Net Assets:

Series I	\$279,476,344
Series II	\$191,725,454

Shares outstanding, no par value, with an unlimited number of shares authorized:

Series I	24,901,978
Series II	17,241,864
Series I:	
Net asset value per share	\$ 11.22
Series II:	
Net asset value per share	\$ 11.12

Statement of Operations

For the year ended December 31, 2018

Investment income:

Interest	\$14,527,041
Dividends from affiliated money market funds	100,453
Total investment income	14,627,494

Expenses:

Advisory fees	2,365,820
Administrative services fees	866,030
Custodian fees	18,935
Distribution fees – Series II	494,942
Transfer agent fees	25,465
Trustees' and officers' fees and benefits	26,967
Reports to shareholders	5,644
Professional services fees	41,195
Other	66,493
Total expenses	3,911,491
Less: Fees waived	(5,944)
Net expenses	3,905,547
Net investment income	10,721,947

Realized and unrealized gain (loss):

Net realized gain (loss) from:	
Investment securities	(2,840,375)
Futures contracts	(939,408)
Option contracts written	28,426
Swap agreements	(517,239)
	(4,268,596)
Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of:	
Investment securities	(5,536,074)
Futures contracts	179,108
Swap agreements	396,317
	(4,960,649)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(9,229,245)
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 1,492,702

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements which are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Operations:		
Net investment income	\$ 10,721,947	\$ 10,356,098
Net realized gain (loss)	(4,268,596)	(86,759)
Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(4,960,649)	(387,548)
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	1,492,702	9,881,791
Distributions to shareholders from distributable earnings⁽¹⁾:		
Series I	(6,550,635)	(7,221,984)
Series II	(3,832,997)	(3,882,382)
Total distributions from distributable earnings	(10,383,632)	(11,104,366)
Share transactions-net:		
Series I	(33,348,279)	(34,554,472)
Series II	(11,943,167)	2,536,879
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from share transactions	(45,291,446)	(32,017,593)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets	(54,182,376)	(33,240,168)
Net assets:		
Beginning of year	525,384,174	558,624,342
End of year	\$471,201,798	\$525,384,174

⁽¹⁾ The Securities and Exchange Commission eliminated the requirement to disclose distribution components separately, except for tax return of capital. For the year ended December 31, 2017, distributions to shareholders from distributable earnings consisted of distributions from net investment income.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2018

NOTE 1—Significant Accounting Policies

Invesco V.I. Government Securities Fund (the "Fund") is a series portfolio of AIM Variable Insurance Funds (Invesco Variable Insurance Funds) (the "Trust"). The Trust is a Delaware statutory trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), as an open-end series management investment company. Information presented in these financial statements pertains only to the Fund. Matters affecting the Fund or each class will be voted on exclusively by the shareholders of the Fund or each class. Current Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") guidance, however, requires participating insurance companies offering separate accounts to vote shares proportionally in accordance with the instructions of the contract owners whose investments are funded by shares of each Fund or class.

The Fund's investment objective is total return, comprised of current income and capital appreciation.

The Fund currently offers two classes of shares, Series I and Series II, both of which are offered to insurance company separate accounts funding variable annuity contracts and variable life insurance policies ("variable products").

The Fund is an investment company and accordingly follows the investment company accounting and reporting guidance in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 946, *Financial Services – Investment Companies*.

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies followed by the Fund in the preparation of its financial statements.

A. Security Valuations – Securities, including restricted securities, are valued according to the following policy.

Debt obligations (including convertible securities) and unlisted equities are fair valued using an evaluated quote provided by an independent pricing service. Evaluated quotes provided by the pricing service may be determined without exclusive reliance on quoted prices, and may reflect appropriate factors such as institution-size trading in similar groups of securities, developments related to specific securities, dividend rate (for unlisted equities), yield (for debt obligations), quality, type of issue, coupon rate (for debt obligations), maturity (for debt obligations), individual trading characteristics and other market data. Pricing services generally value debt obligations assuming orderly transactions of institutional round lot size, but a fund may hold or transact in the same securities in smaller, odd lot sizes. Odd lots often trade at lower prices than institutional round lots. Debt obligations are subject to interest rate and credit risks. In addition, all debt obligations involve some risk of default with respect to interest and/or principal payments.

A security listed or traded on an exchange (except convertible securities) is valued at its last sales price or official closing price as of the close of the customary trading session on the exchange where the security is principally traded, or lacking any sales or official closing price on a particular day, the security may be valued at the closing bid price on that day. Securities traded in the over-the-counter market are valued based on prices furnished by independent pricing services or market makers. When such securities are valued by an independent pricing service they may be considered fair valued. Futures contracts are valued at the final settlement price set by an exchange on which they are principally traded. Listed options are valued at the mean between the last bid and asked prices from the exchange on which they are principally traded. Options not listed on an exchange are valued by an independent source at the mean between the last bid and asked prices. For purposes of determining net asset value ("NAV") per share, futures and option contracts generally are valued 15 minutes after the close of the customary trading session of the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE").

Investments in open-end and closed-end registered investment companies that do not trade on an exchange are valued at the end-of-day net asset value per share. Investments in open-end and closed-end registered investment companies that trade on an exchange are valued at the last sales price or official closing price as of the close of the customary trading session on the exchange where the security is principally traded.

Foreign securities' (including foreign exchange contracts) prices are converted into U.S. dollar amounts using the applicable exchange rates as of the close of the NYSE. If market quotations are available and reliable for foreign exchange-traded equity securities, the securities will be valued at the market quotations. Because trading hours for certain foreign securities end before the close of the NYSE, closing market quotations may become unreliable. If between the time trading ends on a particular security and the close of the customary trading session on the NYSE, events occur that the investment adviser determines are significant and make the closing price unreliable, the Fund may fair value the security. If the event is likely to have affected the closing price of the security, the security will be valued at fair value in good faith using procedures approved by the Board of Trustees. Adjustments to closing prices to reflect fair value may also be based on a screening process of an independent pricing service to indicate the degree of certainty, based on historical data, that the closing price in the principal market where a foreign security trades is not the current value as of the close of the NYSE. Foreign securities' prices meeting the approved degree of certainty that the price is not reflective of current value will be priced at the indication of fair value from the independent pricing service. Multiple factors may be considered by the independent pricing service in determining adjustments to reflect fair value and may include information relating to sector indices, American Depositary Receipts and domestic and foreign index futures. Foreign securities may have additional risks including exchange rate changes, potential for sharply devalued currencies and high inflation, political and economic upheaval, the relative lack of issuer information, relatively low market liquidity and the potential lack of strict financial and accounting controls and standards.

Securities for which market prices are not provided by any of the above methods may be valued based upon quotes furnished by independent sources. The last bid price may be used to value equity securities. The mean between the last bid and asked prices is used to value debt obligations, including corporate loans.

Securities for which market quotations are not readily available or became unreliable are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by or under the supervision of the Trust's officers following procedures approved by the Board of Trustees. Issuer specific events, market trends, bid/asked quotes of brokers and information providers and other market data may be reviewed in the course of making a good faith determination of a security's fair value.

The Fund may invest in securities that are subject to interest rate risk, meaning the risk that the prices will generally fall as interest rates rise and, conversely, the prices will generally rise as interest rates fall. Specific securities differ in their sensitivity to changes in interest rates depending on their individual characteristics. Changes in interest rates may result in increased market volatility, which may affect the value and/or liquidity of certain Fund investments.

Valuations change in response to many factors including the historical and prospective earnings of the issuer, the value of the issuer's assets, general economic conditions, interest rates, investor perceptions and market liquidity. Because of the inherent uncertainties of valuation, the values reflected in the financial statements may materially differ from the value received upon actual sale of those investments.

B. Securities Transactions and Investment Income – Securities transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Realized gains or losses on sales are computed on the basis of specific identification of the securities sold. Interest income (net of withholding tax, if any) is recorded on the accrual basis from settlement date. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized and/or accreted over the lives of the respective securities. Pay-in-kind interest income and non-cash dividend income received in the form of securities in-lieu of cash are recorded at the fair value of the securities received. Paydown gains and losses on mortgage and asset-backed securities are recorded as adjustments to interest income. Dividend income (net of withholding tax, if any) is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

The Fund may periodically participate in litigation related to Fund investments. As such, the Fund may receive proceeds from litigation settlements. Any proceeds received are included in the Statement of Operations as realized gain (loss) for investments no longer held and as unrealized gain (loss) for investments still held.

Brokerage commissions and mark ups are considered transaction costs and are recorded as an increase to the cost basis of securities purchased and/or a reduction of proceeds on a sale of securities. Such transaction costs are included in the determination of net realized and unrealized gain (loss) from investment securities reported in the Statement of Operations and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets and the net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on securities per share in the Financial Highlights. Transaction costs are included in the calculation of the Fund's net asset value and, accordingly, they reduce the Fund's total returns. These transaction costs are not considered operating expenses and are not reflected in net investment income reported in the Statement of Operations and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets, or the net investment income per share and the ratios of expenses and net investment income reported in the Financial Highlights, nor are they limited by any expense limitation arrangements between the Fund and the investment adviser.

The Fund allocates income and realized and unrealized capital gains and losses to a class based on the relative net assets of each class.

C. Country Determination – For the purposes of making investment selection decisions and presentation in the Schedule of Investments, the investment adviser may determine the country in which an issuer is located and/or credit risk exposure based on various factors. These factors include the laws of the country under which the issuer is organized, where the issuer maintains a principal office, the country in which the issuer derives 50% or more of its total revenues and the country that has the primary market for the issuer's securities, as well as other criteria. Among the other criteria that may be evaluated for making this determination are the country in which the issuer maintains 50% or more of its assets, the type of security, financial guarantees and enhancements, the nature of the collateral and the sponsor organization. Country of issuer and/or credit risk exposure has been determined to be the United States of America, unless otherwise noted.

D. Distributions – Distributions from net investment income and net realized capital gain, if any, are generally declared and paid to separate accounts of participating insurance companies annually and recorded on the ex-dividend date.

E. Federal Income Taxes – The Fund intends to comply with the requirements of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Internal Revenue Code"), necessary to qualify as a regulated investment company and to distribute substantially all of the Fund's taxable earnings to shareholders. As such, the Fund will not be subject to federal income taxes on otherwise taxable income (including net realized capital gain) that is distributed to shareholders. Therefore, no provision for federal income taxes is recorded in the financial statements.

The Fund recognizes the tax benefits of uncertain tax positions only when the position is more likely than not to be sustained. Management has analyzed the Fund's uncertain tax positions and concluded that no liability for unrecognized tax benefits should be recorded related to uncertain

tax positions. Management is not aware of any tax positions for which it is reasonably possible that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will change materially in the next 12 months.

The Fund files tax returns in the U.S. Federal jurisdiction and certain other jurisdictions. Generally, the Fund is subject to examinations by such taxing authorities for up to three years after the filing of the return for the tax period.

- F. Expenses** – Fees provided for under the Rule 12b-1 plan of a particular class of the Fund and which are directly attributable to that class are charged to the operations of such class. All other expenses are allocated among the classes based on relative net assets.
- G. Accounting Estimates** – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period including estimates and assumptions related to taxation. Actual results could differ from those estimates by a significant amount. In addition, the Fund monitors for material events or transactions that may occur or become known after the period-end date and before the date the financial statements are released to print.
- H. Indemnifications** – Under the Trust’s organizational documents, each Trustee, officer, employee or other agent of the Trust is indemnified against certain liabilities that may arise out of the performance of their duties to the Fund. Additionally, in the normal course of business, the Fund enters into contracts, including the Fund’s servicing agreements, that contain a variety of indemnification clauses. The Fund’s maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Fund that have not yet occurred. The risk of material loss as a result of such indemnification claims is considered remote.
- I. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities** – The Fund may invest in Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (“TIPS”). TIPS are fixed income securities whose principal value is periodically adjusted to the rate of inflation. The principal value of TIPS will be adjusted upward or downward, and any increase or decrease in the principal amount of TIPS will be shown as *Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities inflation adjustments* in the Statement of Operations, even though investors do not receive their principal until maturity.
- J. Futures Contracts** – The Fund may enter into futures contracts to manage exposure to interest rate, equity and market price movements and/or currency risks. A futures contract is an agreement between two parties (“Counterparties”) to purchase or sell a specified underlying security, currency or commodity (or delivery of a cash settlement price, in the case of an index future) for a fixed price at a future date. The Fund currently invests only in exchange-traded futures and they are standardized as to maturity date and underlying financial instrument. Initial margin deposits required upon entering into futures contracts are satisfied by the segregation of specific securities or cash as collateral at the futures commission merchant (broker). During the period the futures contracts are open, changes in the value of the contracts are recognized as unrealized gains or losses by recalculating the value of the contracts on a daily basis. Subsequent or variation margin payments are received or made depending upon whether unrealized gains or losses are incurred. These amounts are reflected as receivables or payables on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. When the contracts are closed or expire, the Fund recognizes a realized gain or loss equal to the difference between the proceeds from, or cost of, the closing transaction and the Fund’s basis in the contract. The net realized gain (loss) and the change in unrealized gain (loss) on futures contracts held during the period is included on the Statement of Operations. The primary risks associated with futures contracts are market risk and the absence of a liquid secondary market. If the Fund were unable to liquidate a futures contract and/or enter into an offsetting closing transaction, the Fund would continue to be subject to market risk with respect to the value of the contracts and continue to be required to maintain the margin deposits on the futures contracts. Futures contracts have minimal Counterparty risk since the exchange’s clearinghouse, as Counterparty to all exchange-traded futures, guarantees the futures against default. Risks may exceed amounts recognized in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.
- K. Call Options Purchased and Written** – The Fund may write covered call options and/or buy call options. A covered call option gives the purchaser of such option the right to buy, and the writer the obligation to sell, the underlying security or foreign currency at the stated exercise price during the option period. Options written by the Fund normally will have expiration dates between three and nine months from the date written. The exercise price of a call option may be below, equal to, or above the current market value of the underlying security at the time the option is written.
- Additionally, the Fund may enter into an option on a swap agreement, also called a “swaption”. A swaption is an option that gives the buyer the right, but not the obligation, to enter into a swap on a future date in exchange for paying a market-based premium. A receiver swaption gives the owner the right to receive the total return of a specified asset, reference rate or index. Swaptions also include options that allow an existing swap to be terminated or extended by one of the Counterparties.
- When the Fund writes a covered call option, an amount equal to the premium received by the Fund is recorded as an asset and an equivalent liability in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The amount of the liability is subsequently “marked-to-market” to reflect the current market value of the option written. If a written covered call option expires on the stipulated expiration date, or if the Fund enters into a closing purchase transaction, the Fund realizes a gain (or a loss if the closing purchase transaction exceeds the premium received when the option was written) without regard to any unrealized gain or loss on the underlying security, and the liability related to such option is extinguished. If a written covered call option is exercised, the Fund realizes a gain or a loss from the sale of the underlying security and the proceeds of the sale are increased by the premium originally received. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on call options written are included in the Statement of Operations as Net realized gain (loss) from and Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of Option contracts written. A risk in writing a covered call option is that the Fund gives up the opportunity for profit if the market price of the security increases and the option is exercised.
- When the Fund buys a call option, an amount equal to the premium paid by the Fund is recorded as an investment on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The amount of the investment is subsequently “marked-to-market” to reflect the current value of the option purchased. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on call options purchased are included in the Statement of Operations as Net realized gain (loss) from and Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of Investment securities. A risk in buying an option is that the Fund pays a premium whether or not the option is exercised. In addition, there can be no assurance that a liquid secondary market will exist for any option purchased.
- L. Put Options Purchased** – The Fund may purchase put options including options on securities indexes, or foreign currency and/or futures contracts. By purchasing a put option, the Fund obtains the right (but not the obligation) to sell the option’s underlying instrument at a fixed strike price. In return for this right, the Fund pays an option premium. The option’s underlying instrument may be a security, securities index, or a futures contract.

Additionally, the Fund may enter into an option on a swap agreement, also called a “swaption”. A swaption is an option that gives the buyer the right, but not the obligation, to enter into a swap on a future date in exchange for paying a market-based premium. A receiver swaption gives the owner the right to receive the total return of a specified asset, reference rate or index. Swaptions also include options that allow an existing swap to be terminated or extended by one of the Counterparties.

Put options may be used by the Fund to hedge securities it owns by locking in a minimum price at which the Fund can sell. If security prices fall, the put option could be exercised to offset all or a portion of the Fund’s resulting losses. At the same time, because the maximum the Fund has at risk is the cost of the option, purchasing put options does not eliminate the potential for the Fund to profit from an increase in the value of the securities hedged. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on put options purchased are included in the Statement of Operations as Net realized gain (loss) from and Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of Investment securities. A risk in buying an option is that the Fund pays a premium whether or not the option is exercised. In addition, there can be no assurance that a liquid secondary market will exist for any option purchased.

M. Swap Agreements – The Fund may enter into various swap transactions, including interest rate, total return, index, currency and credit default swap contracts (“CDS”) for investment purposes or to manage interest rate, currency or credit risk. Such transactions are agreements between Counterparties. A swap agreement may be negotiated bilaterally and traded over-the-counter (“OTC”) between two parties (“uncleared/OTC”) or, in some instances, must be transacted through a future commission merchant (“FCM”) and cleared through a clearinghouse that serves as a central Counterparty (“centrally cleared swap”). These agreements may contain among other conditions, events of default and termination events, and various covenants and representations such as provisions that require the Fund to maintain a pre-determined level of net assets, and/or provide limits regarding the decline of the Fund’s NAV over specific periods of time. If the Fund were to trigger such provisions and have open derivative positions at that time, the Counterparty may be able to terminate such agreement and request immediate payment in an amount equal to the net liability positions, if any.

Interest rate, total return, index, and currency swap agreements are two-party contracts entered into primarily to exchange the returns (or differentials in rates of returns) earned or realized on particular predetermined investments or instruments. The gross returns to be exchanged or “swapped” between the parties are calculated with respect to a notional amount, i.e., the return on or increase in value of a particular dollar amount invested at a particular interest rate or return of an underlying asset, in a particular foreign currency, or in a “basket” of securities representing a particular index.

In a centrally cleared swap, the Fund’s ultimate Counterparty is a central clearinghouse. The Fund initially will enter into centrally cleared swaps through an executing broker. When a fund enters into a centrally cleared swap, it must deliver to the central Counterparty (via the FCM) an amount referred to as “initial margin.” Initial margin requirements are determined by the central Counterparty, but an FCM may require additional initial margin above the amount required by the central Counterparty. Initial margin deposits required upon entering into centrally cleared swaps are satisfied by cash or securities as collateral at the FCM. Securities deposited as initial margin are designated on the Schedule of Investments and cash deposited is recorded on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. During the term of a cleared swap agreement, a “variation margin” amount may be required to be paid by the Fund or may be received by the Fund, based on the daily change in price of the underlying reference instrument subject to the swap agreement and is recorded as a receivable or payable for variation margin in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities until the centrally cleared swap is terminated at which time a realized gain or loss is recorded.

A CDS is an agreement between Counterparties to exchange the credit risk of an issuer. A buyer of a CDS is said to buy protection by paying a fixed payment over the life of the agreement and in some situations an upfront payment to the seller of the CDS. If a defined credit event occurs (such as payment default or bankruptcy), the Fund as a protection buyer would cease paying its fixed payment, the Fund would deliver eligible bonds issued by the reference entity to the seller, and the seller would pay the full notional value, or the “par value”, of the referenced obligation to the Fund. A seller of a CDS is said to sell protection and thus would receive a fixed payment over the life of the agreement and an upfront payment, if applicable. If a credit event occurs, the Fund as a protection seller would cease to receive the fixed payment stream, the Fund would pay the buyer “par value” or the full notional value of the referenced obligation, and the Fund would receive the eligible bonds issued by the reference entity. In turn, these bonds may be sold in order to realize a recovery value. Alternatively, the seller of the CDS and its Counterparty may agree to net the notional amount and the market value of the bonds and make a cash payment equal to the difference to the buyer of protection. If no credit event occurs, the Fund receives the fixed payment over the life of the agreement. As the seller, the Fund would effectively add leverage to its portfolio because, in addition to its total net assets, the Fund would be subject to investment exposure on the notional amount of the CDS. In connection with these agreements, cash and securities may be identified as collateral in accordance with the terms of the respective swap agreements to provide assets of value and recourse in the event of default under the swap agreement or bankruptcy/insolvency of a party to the swap agreement. If a Counterparty becomes bankrupt or otherwise fails to perform its obligations due to financial difficulties, the Fund may experience significant delays in obtaining any recovery in a bankruptcy or other reorganization proceeding. The Fund may obtain only limited recovery or may obtain no recovery in such circumstances. The Fund’s maximum risk of loss from Counterparty risk, either as the protection seller or as the protection buyer, is the value of the contract. The risk may be mitigated by having a master netting arrangement between the Fund and the Counterparty and by the designation of collateral by the Counterparty to cover the Fund’s exposure to the Counterparty.

Implied credit spreads represent the current level at which protection could be bought or sold given the terms of the existing CDS contract and serve as an indicator of the current status of the payment/performance risk of the CDS. An implied spread that has widened or increased since entry into the initial contract may indicate a deteriorating credit profile and increased risk of default for the reference entity. A declining or narrowing spread may indicate an improving credit profile or decreased risk of default for the reference entity. Alternatively, credit spreads may increase or decrease reflecting the general tolerance for risk in the credit markets.

An interest rate swap is an agreement between Counterparties pursuant to which the parties exchange a floating rate payment for a fixed rate payment based on a specified notional amount.

A total return swap is an agreement in which one party makes payments based on a set rate, either fixed or variable, while the other party makes payments based on the return of an underlying asset, which includes both the income generated and capital gains, if any. The unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on total return swaps includes dividends on the underlying securities and financing rate payable from the Counterparty. At the maturity date, a net cash flow is exchanged where the total return is equivalent to the return of the underlying reference less a financing rate, if any. As a receiver, the Fund would receive payments based on any positive total return and would owe payments in the event of a negative total return. As the payer, the Fund would owe payments on any net positive total return, and would receive payment in the event of a negative total return.

Changes in the value of centrally cleared and OTC swap agreements are recognized as unrealized gains (losses) in the Statement of Operations by “marking to market” on a daily basis to reflect the value of the swap agreement at the end of each trading day. Payments received or paid at the beginning of the agreement are reflected as such on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and may be referred to as upfront payments. The Fund accrues for the fixed payment stream and amortizes upfront payments, if any, on swap agreements on a daily basis with the net amount, recorded as a component of realized gain (loss) on the Statement of Operations. A liquidation payment received or made at the termination of a swap agreement is recorded as realized gain (loss) on the Statement of Operations. The Fund segregates cash or liquid securities having a value at least equal to the amount of the potential obligation of a Fund under any swap transaction. Cash held as collateral is recorded as deposits with brokers on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Entering into these agreements involves, to varying degrees, lack of liquidity and elements of credit, market, and Counterparty risk in excess of amounts recognized on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Such risks involve the possibility that a swap is difficult to sell or liquidate; the Counterparty does not honor its obligations under the agreement and unfavorable interest rates and market fluctuations. It is possible that developments in the swaps market, including potential government regulation, could adversely affect the Fund’s ability to terminate existing swap agreements or to realize amounts to be received under such agreements. A short position in a security poses more risk than holding the same security long. As there is no limit on how much the price of the security can increase, the Fund’s exposure is unlimited.

N. Dollar Rolls and Forward Commitment Transactions – The Fund may enter into dollar roll transactions to enhance the Fund’s performance. The Fund executes its dollar roll transactions in the *to be announced* (“TBA”) market whereby the Fund makes a forward commitment to purchase a security and, instead of accepting delivery, the position is offset by the sale of the security with a simultaneous agreement to repurchase at a future date.

The Fund accounts for dollar roll transactions as purchases and sales and realizes gains and losses on these transactions. These transactions increase the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate. The Fund will segregate liquid assets in an amount equal to its dollar roll commitments.

Dollar roll transactions involve the risk that a Counterparty to the transaction may fail to complete the transaction. If this occurs, the Fund may lose the opportunity to purchase or sell the security at the agreed upon price. Dollar roll transactions also involve the risk that the value of the securities retained by the Fund may decline below the price of the securities that the Fund has sold but is obligated to purchase under the agreement. Dollar roll transactions covered in this manner are not treated as senior securities for purposes of a Fund’s fundamental investment limitation on borrowings.

O. Other Risks – The Fund may invest in obligations issued by agencies and instrumentalities of the U.S. Government that may vary in the level of support they receive from the government. The government may choose not to provide financial support to government sponsored agencies or instrumentalities if it is not legally obligated to do so. In this case, if the issuer defaulted, the Fund may not be able to recover its investment in such issuer from the U.S. Government. Many securities purchased by the Fund are not guaranteed by the U.S. Government.

P. Leverage Risk – Leverage exists when the Fund can lose more than it originally invests because it purchases or sells an instrument or enters into a transaction without investing an amount equal to the full economic exposure of the instrument or transaction.

Q. Collateral – To the extent the Fund has designated or segregated a security as collateral and that security is subsequently sold, it is the Fund’s practice to replace such collateral no later than the next business day.

NOTE 2—Advisory Fees and Other Fees Paid to Affiliates

The Trust has entered into a master investment advisory agreement with Invesco Advisers, Inc. (the “Adviser” or “Invesco”). Under the terms of the investment advisory agreement, the Fund accrues daily and pays monthly an advisory fee to the Adviser based on the annual rate of the Fund’s average daily net assets as follows:

Average Daily Net Assets	Rate
First \$250 million	0.50%
Over \$250 million	0.45%

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the effective advisory fees incurred by the Fund was 0.48%.

Under the terms of a master sub-advisory agreement between the Adviser and each of Invesco Asset Management Deutschland GmbH, Invesco Asset Management Limited, Invesco Asset Management (Japan) Limited, Invesco Hong Kong Limited, Invesco Senior Secured Management, Inc. and Invesco Canada Ltd. and separate sub-advisory agreements with Invesco Capital Management LLC, formerly Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC, and Invesco Asset Management (India) Private Limited (collectively, the “Affiliated Sub-Advisers”) the Adviser, not the Fund, will pay 40% of the fees paid to the Adviser to any such Affiliated Sub-Adviser(s) that provide(s) discretionary investment management services to the Fund based on the percentage of assets allocated to such Affiliated Sub-Adviser(s).

The Adviser has contractually agreed, through at least June 30, 2019, to waive advisory fees and/or reimburse expenses of all shares to the extent necessary to limit total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements (excluding certain items discussed below) of Series I shares to 1.50% and Series II shares to 1.75% of average daily net assets (the “expense limits”). In determining the Adviser’s obligation to waive advisory fees and/or reimburse expenses, the following expenses are not taken into account, and could cause the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements to exceed the numbers reflected above: (1) interest; (2) taxes; (3) dividend expense on short sales; (4) extraordinary or non-routine items, including litigation expenses; and (5) expenses that the Fund has incurred but did not actually pay because of an expense offset arrangement. Unless Invesco continues the fee waiver agreement, it will terminate on June 30, 2019. During its term, the fee waiver agreement cannot be terminated or amended to increase the expense limits or reduce the advisory fee waiver without approval of the Board of Trustees. The Adviser did not waive fees and/or reimburse expenses during the period under these expense limits.

Further, the Adviser has contractually agreed, through at least June 30, 2020, to waive the advisory fee payable by the Fund in an amount equal to 100% of the net advisory fees the Adviser receives from the affiliated money market funds on investments by the Fund of uninvested cash in such affiliated money market funds.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Adviser waived advisory fees of \$5,944.

The Trust has entered into a master administrative services agreement with Invesco pursuant to which the Fund has agreed to pay Invesco a fee for costs incurred in providing accounting services and fund administrative services to the Fund and to reimburse Invesco for fees paid to insurance

companies that have agreed to provide certain administrative services to the Fund. These administrative services provided by the insurance companies may include, among other things: maintenance of master accounts with the Fund; tracking, recording and transmitting net purchase and redemption orders for Fund shares; maintaining and preserving records related to the purchase, redemption and other account activity of variable product owners; distributing copies of Fund documents such as prospectuses, proxy materials and periodic reports, to variable product owners, and responding to inquiries from variable product owners about the Fund. Pursuant to such agreement, for the year ended December 31, 2018, Invesco was paid \$119,530 for accounting and fund administrative services and was reimbursed \$746,499 for fees paid to insurance companies.

The Trust has entered into a transfer agency and service agreement with Invesco Investment Services, Inc. ("IIS") pursuant to which the Fund has agreed to pay IIS a fee for providing transfer agency and shareholder services to the Fund and reimburse IIS for certain expenses incurred by IIS in the course of providing such services. For the year ended December 31, 2018, expenses incurred under the agreement are shown in the Statement of Operations as *Transfer agent fees*.

The Trust has entered into a master distribution agreement with Invesco Distributors, Inc. ("IDI") to serve as the distributor for the Fund. The Trust has adopted a plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act with respect to the Fund's Series II shares (the "Plan"). The Fund, pursuant to the Plan, pays IDI compensation at the annual rate of 0.25% of the Fund's average daily net assets of Series II shares. The fees are accrued daily and paid monthly. Of the Plan payments, up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets of the Series II shares may be paid to insurance companies who furnish continuing personal shareholder services to customers who purchase and own Series II shares of the Fund. For the year ended December 31, 2018, expenses incurred under the Plan are detailed in the Statement of Operations as *Distribution fees*.

Certain officers and trustees of the Trust are officers and directors of the Adviser, IIS and/or IDI.

NOTE 3—Additional Valuation Information

GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, under current market conditions. GAAP establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation methods, giving the highest priority to readily available unadjusted quoted prices in an active market for identical assets (Level 1) and the lowest priority to significant unobservable inputs (Level 3), generally when market prices are not readily available or are unreliable. Based on the valuation inputs, the securities or other investments are tiered into one of three levels. Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers in or out of an investment's assigned level:

Level 1 – Prices are determined using quoted prices in an active market for identical assets.

Level 2 – Prices are determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, yield curves, loss severities, default rates, discount rates, volatilities and others.

Level 3 – Prices are determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable (for example, when there is little or no market activity for an investment at the end of the period), unobservable inputs may be used.

Unobservable inputs reflect the Fund's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in determining fair value of the securities or instruments and would be based on the best available information.

The following is a summary of the tiered valuation input levels, as of December 31, 2018. The level assigned to the securities valuations may not be an indication of the risk or liquidity associated with investing in those securities. Because of the inherent uncertainties of valuation, the values reflected in the financial statements may materially differ from the value received upon actual sale of those investments.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments in Securities				
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ -	\$225,050,578	\$-	\$225,050,578
U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	-	188,504,762	-	188,504,762
Non-U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Securities	-	56,956,732	-	56,956,732
U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Securities	-	8,241,659	-	8,241,659
Money Market Funds	5,779,554	-	-	5,779,554
Options Purchased	-	12,016	-	12,016
Total Investments in Securities	5,779,554	478,765,747	-	484,545,301
Other Investments – Assets*				
Futures Contracts	530,907	-	-	530,907
Swap Agreements	-	440,944	-	440,944
	530,907	440,944	-	971,851
Other Investments – Liabilities*				
Futures Contracts	(227,797)	-	-	(227,797)
Swap Agreements	-	(115,279)	-	(115,279)
	(227,797)	(115,279)	-	(343,076)
Total Other Investments	303,110	325,665	-	628,775
Total Investments	\$6,082,664	\$479,091,412	\$-	\$485,174,076

* Unrealized appreciation (depreciation).

NOTE 4—Derivative Investments

The Fund may enter into an International Swaps and Derivatives Association Master Agreement (“ISDA Master Agreement”) under which a fund may trade OTC derivatives. An OTC transaction entered into under an ISDA Master Agreement typically involves a collateral posting arrangement, payment netting provisions and close-out netting provisions. These netting provisions allow for reduction of credit risk through netting of contractual obligations. The enforceability of the netting provisions of the ISDA Master Agreement depends on the governing law of the ISDA Master Agreement, among other factors.

For financial reporting purposes, the Fund does not offset OTC derivative assets or liabilities that are subject to ISDA Master Agreements in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Value of Derivative Investments at Period-End

The table below summarizes the value of the Fund’s derivative investments, detailed by primary risk exposure, held as of December 31, 2018:

	Value Interest Rate Risk
Derivative Assets	
Unrealized appreciation on futures contracts – Exchange-Traded ^(a)	\$ 530,907
Unrealized appreciation on swap agreements – Centrally Cleared ^(a)	440,944
Options purchased, at value – OTC ^(b)	12,016
Total Derivative Assets	983,867
Derivatives not subject to master netting agreements	(971,851)
Total Derivative Assets subject to master netting agreements	\$ 12,016
	Value Interest Rate Risk
Derivative Liabilities	
Unrealized depreciation on futures contracts – Exchange-Traded ^(a)	\$(227,797)
Unrealized depreciation on swap agreements – Centrally Cleared ^(a)	(115,279)
Total Derivative Liabilities	(343,076)
Derivatives not subject to master netting agreements	343,076
Total Derivative Liabilities subject to master netting agreements	\$ -

^(a) The daily variation margin receivable at period-end is recorded in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

^(b) Options purchased, at value as reported in the Schedule of Investments.

Offsetting Assets and Liabilities

The table below reflects the Fund’s exposure to Counterparties subject to either an ISDA Master Agreement or other agreement for OTC derivative transactions as of December 31, 2018

Counterparty	Financial Derivative Assets	Net Value of Derivatives	Collateral (Received)/Pledged		Net Amount
	Options Purchased		Non-Cash	Cash	
BNP Paribas Securities Corp.	\$12,016	\$12,016	\$-	\$-	\$12,016

Effect of Derivative Investments for the year ended December 31, 2018

The table below summarizes the gains (losses) on derivative investments, detailed by primary risk exposure, recognized in earnings during the period:

	Location of Gain (Loss) on Statement of Operations Interest Rate Risk
Realized Gain (Loss):	
Futures contracts	\$(939,408)
Options purchased ^(a)	279,551
Options written	28,426
Swap agreements	(517,239)
Change in Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation):	
Futures contracts	179,108
Options purchased ^(a)	(187,825)
Swap agreements	396,317
Total	\$ (761,070)

^(a) Options purchased are included in the net realized gain (loss) from investment securities and the change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment securities.

The table below summarizes the twelve month average notional value of futures contracts, the nine months average notional value of swaptions purchased, the two months average notional value of swaptions written and nine month average notional value of swap agreements outstanding during the period.

	Futures Contracts	Swaptions Purchased	Swaptions Written	Swap Agreements
Average notional value	\$49,634,932	\$28,221,111	\$43,500,000	\$10,679,111

NOTE 5—Trustees' and Officers' Fees and Benefits

Trustees' and Officers' Fees and Benefits include amounts accrued by the Fund to pay remuneration to certain Trustees and Officers of the Fund. Trustees have the option to defer compensation payable by the Fund, and *Trustees' and Officers' Fees and Benefits* also include amounts accrued by the Fund to fund such deferred compensation amounts. Those Trustees who defer compensation have the option to select various Invesco Funds in which their deferral accounts shall be deemed to be invested. Finally, certain current Trustees were eligible to participate in a retirement plan that provided for benefits to be paid upon retirement to Trustees over a period of time based on the number of years of service. The Fund may have certain former Trustees who also participate in a retirement plan and receive benefits under such plan. *Trustees' and Officers' Fees and Benefits* include amounts accrued by the Fund to fund such retirement benefits. Obligations under the deferred compensation and retirement plans represent unsecured claims against the general assets of the Fund.

NOTE 6—Cash Balances

The Fund may borrow for leveraging in an amount up to 5% of the Fund's total assets (excluding the amount borrowed) at the time the borrowing is made. In doing so, the Fund is permitted to temporarily carry a negative or overdrawn balance in its account with State Street Bank and Trust Company, the custodian bank. Such balances, if any at period end, are shown in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities under the payable caption *Amount due custodian*. To compensate the custodian bank for such overdrafts, the overdrawn Fund may either (1) leave funds as a compensating balance in the account so the custodian bank can be compensated by earning the additional interest; or (2) compensate by paying the custodian bank at a rate agreed upon by the custodian bank and Invesco, not to exceed the contractually agreed upon rate. The Fund may not purchase additional securities when any borrowings from banks exceed 5% of the Fund's total assets.

NOTE 7—Distributions to Shareholders and Tax Components of Net Assets

Tax Character of Distributions to Shareholders Paid During the Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	2018	2017
Ordinary income	\$10,383,632	\$11,104,366

Tax Components of Net Assets at Period-End:

	2018
Undistributed ordinary income	\$ 10,598,549
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) – investments	(2,125,573)
Temporary book/tax differences	(219,552)
Capital loss carryforward	(19,383,363)
Shares of beneficial interest	482,331,737
Total net assets	\$471,201,798

The difference between book-basis and tax-basis unrealized appreciation (depreciation) is due to differences in the timing of recognition of gains and losses on investments for tax and book purposes. The Fund's net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) difference is attributable primarily to futures contracts and swap agreements.

The temporary book/tax differences are a result of timing differences between book and tax recognition of income and/or expenses. The Fund's temporary book/tax differences are the result of the trustee deferral of compensation and retirement plan benefits.

Capital loss carryforward is calculated and reported as of a specific date. Results of transactions and other activity after that date may affect the amount of capital loss carryforward actually available for the Fund to utilize. Capital losses generated in years beginning after December 22, 2010 can be carried forward for an unlimited period, whereas previous losses expire in eight tax years. Capital losses with an expiration period may not be used to offset capital gains until all net capital losses without an expiration date have been utilized. Capital loss carryforwards with no expiration date will retain their character as either short-term or long-term capital losses instead of as short-term capital losses as under prior law. The ability to utilize capital loss carryforwards in the future may be limited under the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations based on the results of future transactions.

The Fund has a capital loss carryforward as of December 31, 2018, as follows:

Capital Loss Carryforward

Expiration	Short-Term	Long-Term	Total
Not subject to expiration	\$9,307,474	\$10,075,889	\$19,383,363

NOTE 8—Investment Transactions

The aggregate amount of investment securities (other than short-term securities, U.S. Treasury obligations and money market funds, if any) purchased and sold by the Fund during the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$42,942,847 and \$98,574,724, respectively. During the same period, purchases and sales of U.S. Treasury obligations were \$77,192,420 and \$52,143,976, respectively. Cost of investments, including any derivatives, on a tax basis includes the adjustments for financial reporting purposes as of the most recently completed federal income tax reporting period-end.

Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) of Investments on a Tax Basis

Aggregate unrealized appreciation of investments	\$ 4,978,979
Aggregate unrealized (depreciation) of investments	(7,104,552)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	\$(2,125,573)

Cost of investments for tax purposes is \$487,299,649.

NOTE 9—Reclassification of Permanent Differences

Primarily as a result of differing book/tax treatment of swap agreements, on December 31, 2018, undistributed net investment income was decreased by \$56 and undistributed net realized gain (loss) was increased by \$56. This reclassification had no effect on the net assets or the distributable earnings of the Fund.

NOTE 10—Share Information

Summary of Share Activity

	Years ended December 31,			
	2018 ^(a)		2017	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Sold:				
Series I	3,593,416	\$ 40,500,688	4,245,551	\$ 49,001,619
Series II	1,057,433	11,758,788	1,931,968	22,005,900
Issued as reinvestment of dividends:				
Series I	594,971	6,550,635	632,952	7,221,984
Series II	351,007	3,832,997	343,270	3,882,382
Reacquired:				
Series I	(7,180,556)	(80,399,602)	(7,906,368)	(90,778,075)
Series II	(2,482,818)	(27,534,952)	(2,048,051)	(23,351,403)
Net increase (decrease) in share activity	(4,066,547)	\$(45,291,446)	(2,800,678)	\$(32,017,593)

^(a) There are entities that are record owners of more than 5% of the outstanding shares of the Fund and in the aggregate own 80% of the outstanding shares of the Fund. The Fund and the Fund's principal underwriter or adviser, are parties to participation agreements with these entities whereby these entities sell units of interest in separate accounts funding variable products that are invested in the Fund. The Fund, Invesco and/or Invesco affiliates may make payments to these entities, which are considered to be related to the Fund, for providing services to the Fund, Invesco and/or Invesco affiliates including but not limited to services such as, securities brokerage, third party record keeping and account servicing and administrative services. The Fund has no knowledge as to whether all or any portion of the shares owned of record by these entities are also owned beneficially.

NOTE 11—Financial Highlights

The following schedule presents financial highlights for a share of the Fund outstanding throughout the periods indicated.

	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income ^(a)	Net gains (losses) on securities (both realized and unrealized)	Total from investment operations	Dividends from net investment income	Net asset value, end of period	Total return ^(b)	Net assets, end of period (000's omitted)	Ratio of expenses to average net assets with fee waivers and/or expenses absorbed	Ratio of expenses to average net assets without fee waivers and/or expenses absorbed	Ratio of net investment income to average net assets	Portfolio turnover ^(c)
Series I												
Year ended 12/31/18	\$11.41	\$0.25	\$(0.19)	\$0.06	\$(0.25)	\$11.22	0.56%	\$279,476	0.69% ^(d)	0.69% ^(d)	2.25% ^(d)	25%
Year ended 12/31/17	11.44	0.22	(0.01)	0.21	(0.24)	11.41	1.87	318,298	0.70	0.70	1.97	35
Year ended 12/31/16	11.52	0.23	(0.07)	0.16	(0.24)	11.44	1.32	353,614	0.73	0.73	1.93	31
Year ended 12/31/15	11.74	0.17	(0.13)	0.04	(0.26)	11.52	0.34	393,090	0.77	0.77	1.44	59
Year ended 12/31/14	11.64	0.16	0.32	0.48	(0.38)	11.74	4.14	474,556	0.78	0.78	1.36	55
Series II												
Year ended 12/31/18	11.31	0.22	(0.19)	0.03	(0.22)	11.12	0.29	191,725	0.94 ^(d)	0.94 ^(d)	2.00 ^(d)	25
Year ended 12/31/17	11.33	0.19	(0.00)	0.19	(0.21)	11.31	1.72	207,086	0.95	0.95	1.72	35
Year ended 12/31/16	11.42	0.20	(0.08)	0.12	(0.21)	11.33	1.00	205,010	0.98	0.98	1.68	31
Year ended 12/31/15	11.64	0.14	(0.13)	0.01	(0.23)	11.42	0.06	195,392	1.02	1.02	1.19	59
Year ended 12/31/14	11.54	0.13	0.31	0.44	(0.34)	11.64	3.88	212,788	1.03	1.03	1.11	55

^(a) Calculated using average shares outstanding.

^(b) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset value for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset value and returns for shareholder transactions. Total returns are not annualized for periods less than one year, if applicable, and do not reflect charges assessed in connection with a variable product, which if included would reduce total returns.

^(c) Portfolio turnover is calculated at the fund level and is not annualized for periods less than one year, if applicable.

^(d) Ratios are based on average daily net assets (000's omitted) of \$299,983 and \$197,977 for Series I and Series II shares, respectively.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Trustees of AIM Variable Insurance Funds (Invesco Variable Insurance Funds)
and Shareholders of Invesco V.I. Government Securities Fund:

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the schedule of investments, of Invesco V.I. Government Securities Fund (one of the funds constituting AIM Variable Insurance Funds (Invesco Variable Insurance Funds), hereafter referred to as the "Fund") as of December 31, 2018, the related statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2018, the statement of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2018, including the related notes, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period ended December 31, 2018 (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of December 31, 2018, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2018 and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period ended December 31, 2018 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Fund's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Fund in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of December 31, 2018 by correspondence with the custodian, transfer agent and brokers; when replies were not received from brokers, we performed other auditing procedures. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Houston, TX
February 14, 2019

We have served as the auditor of one or more of the investment companies in the Invesco group of investment companies since at least 1995. We have not been able to determine the specific year we began serving as auditor.

Calculating your ongoing Fund expenses

Example

As a shareholder of the Fund, you incur ongoing costs, including management fees; distribution and/or service fees (12b-1); and other Fund expenses. This example is intended to help you understand your ongoing costs (in dollars) of investing in the Fund and to compare these costs with ongoing costs of investing in other mutual funds. The example is based on an investment of \$1,000 invested at the beginning of the period and held for the entire period July 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018.

The actual and hypothetical expenses in the examples below do not represent the effect of any fees or other expenses assessed in connection with a variable product; if they did, the expenses shown would be higher while the ending account values shown would be lower.

Actual expenses

The table below provides information about actual account values and actual expenses. You may use the information in this table, together with the amount you invested, to estimate the expenses that you paid over the period. Simply divide your account value by \$1,000 (for example, an \$8,600 account value divided by \$1,000 = 8.6), then multiply the result by the number in the table under the heading entitled "Actual Expenses Paid During Period" to estimate the expenses you paid on your account during this period.

Hypothetical example for comparison purposes

The table below also provides information about hypothetical account values and hypothetical expenses based on the Fund's actual expense ratio and an assumed rate of return of 5% per year before expenses, which is not the Fund's actual return.

The hypothetical account values and expenses may not be used to estimate the actual ending account balance or expenses you paid for the period. You may use this information to compare the ongoing costs of investing in the Fund and other funds. To do so, compare this 5% hypothetical example with the 5% hypothetical examples that appear in the shareholder reports of the other funds.

Please note that the expenses shown in the table are meant to highlight your ongoing costs. Therefore, the hypothetical information is useful in comparing ongoing costs, and will not help you determine the relative total costs of owning different funds.

Class	Beginning Account Value (07/01/18)	ACTUAL		HYPOTHETICAL (5% annual return before expenses)		Annualized Expense Ratio
		Ending Account Value (12/31/18) ¹	Expenses Paid During Period ²	Ending Account Value (12/31/18)	Expenses Paid During Period ²	
Series I	\$1,000.00	\$1,012.70	\$3.50	\$1,021.73	\$3.52	0.69%
Series II	1,000.00	1,011.90	4.77	1,020.47	4.79	0.94

¹ The actual ending account value is based on the actual total return of the Fund for the period July 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018, after actual expenses and will differ from the hypothetical ending account value which is based on the Fund's expense ratio and a hypothetical annual return of 5% before expenses.

² Expenses are equal to the Fund's annualized expense ratio as indicated above multiplied by the average account value over the period, multiplied by 184/365 to reflect the most recent fiscal half year.

Tax Information

Form 1099-DIV, Form 1042-S and other year-end tax information provide shareholders with actual calendar year amounts that should be included in their tax returns. Shareholders should consult their tax advisors.

The following distribution information is being provided as required by the Internal Revenue Code or to meet a specific state's requirement.

The Fund designates the following amounts or, if subsequently determined to be different, the maximum amount allowable for its fiscal year ended December 31, 2018:

Federal and State Income Tax

Corporate Dividends Received Deduction*	0.00%
U.S. Treasury Obligations*	33.22%

* The above percentages are based on ordinary income dividends paid to shareholders during the Fund's fiscal year.

Trustees and Officers

The address of each trustee and officer is AIM Variable Insurance Funds (Invesco Variable Insurance Funds) (the "Trust"), 11 Greenway Plaza, Suite 1000, Houston, Texas 77046-1173. The trustees serve for the life of the Trust, subject to their earlier death, incapacitation, resignation, retirement or removal as more specifically provided in the Trust's organizational documents. Each officer serves for a one year term or until their successors are elected and qualified. Column two below includes length of time served with predecessor entities, if any.

Name, Year of Birth and Position(s) Held with the Trust	Trustee and/or Officer Since	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Funds in Fund Complex Overseen by Trustee	Other Directorship(s) Held by Trustee During Past 5 Years
Interested Persons				
Martin L. Flanagan ¹ – 1960 Trustee	2007	Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer and President, Invesco Ltd. (ultimate parent of Invesco and a global investment management firm); Trustee, The Invesco Funds; Vice Chair, Investment Company Institute; and Member of Executive Board, SMU Cox School of Business Formerly: Advisor to the Board, Invesco Advisers, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco Institutional (N.A.), Inc.); Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Invesco Advisers, Inc. (registered investment adviser); Director, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President, Invesco Holding Company (US), Inc. (formerly IVZ Inc.) (holding company), Invesco Group Services, Inc. (service provider) and Invesco North American Holdings, Inc. (holding company); Director, Chief Executive Officer and President, Invesco Holding Company Limited (parent of Invesco and a global investment management firm); Director, Invesco Ltd.; Chairman, Investment Company Institute and President, Co-Chief Executive Officer, Co-President, Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer, Franklin Resources, Inc. (global investment management organization)	158	None
Philip A. Taylor ² – 1954 Trustee and Senior Vice President	2006	Head of the Americas and Senior Managing Director, Invesco Ltd.; Director, Invesco Advisers, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco Institutional (N.A.), Inc.) (registered investment adviser); Director and Chairman, Invesco Investment Services, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco AIM Investment Services, Inc.) (registered transfer agent); Chief Executive Officer, Invesco Corporate Class Inc. (corporate mutual fund company); Director, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Invesco Canada Ltd. (formerly known as Invesco Trimark Ltd./Invesco Trimark Ltée) (registered investment adviser and registered transfer agent); Trustee and Senior Vice President, The Invesco Funds; Director, Invesco Investment Advisers LLC (formerly known as Van Kampen Asset Management) Formerly: Director, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President, Invesco Management Group, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco AIM Management Group, Inc.) (financial services holding company); Co-Chairman, Co-President and Co-Chief Executive Officer, Invesco Advisers, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco Institutional (N.A.), Inc.) (registered investment adviser); Director, Chief Executive Officer and President, Van Kampen Exchange Corp; President and Principal Executive Officer, The Invesco Funds (other than AIM Treasurer's Series Trust (Invesco Treasurer's Series Trust), Short-Term Investments Trust and Invesco Management Trust); Executive Vice President, The Invesco Funds (AIM Treasurer's Series Trust (Invesco Treasurer's Series Trust), Short-Term Investments Trust and Invesco Management Trust only); Director and President, INVESCO Funds Group, Inc. (registered investment adviser and registered transfer agent); Director and Chairman, IVZ Distributors, Inc. (formerly known as INVESCO Distributors, Inc.) (registered broker dealer); Director, President and Chairman, Invesco Inc. (holding company), Invesco Canada Holdings Inc. (holding company), Trimark Investments Ltd./Placements Trimark Ltée and Invesco Financial Services Ltd/Services Financiers Invesco Ltée; Chief Executive Officer, Invesco Canada Fund Inc. (corporate mutual fund company); Director and Chairman, Van Kampen Investor Services Inc.; Director, Chief Executive Officer and President, 1371 Preferred Inc. (holding company) and Van Kampen Investments Inc.; Director and President, AIM GP Canada Inc. (general partner for limited partnerships) and Van Kampen Advisors, Inc.; Director and Chief Executive Officer, Invesco Trimark Dealer Inc. (registered broker dealer); Director, Invesco Distributors, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco AIM Distributors, Inc.) (registered broker dealer); Manager, Invesco Capital Management LLC; Director, Chief Executive Officer and President, Invesco Advisers, Inc.; Director, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President, Invesco AIM Capital Management, Inc.; President, Invesco Trimark Dealer Inc. and Invesco Trimark Ltd./Invesco Trimark Ltée; Director and President, AIM Trimark Corporate Class Inc. and AIM Trimark Canada Fund Inc.; Senior Managing Director, Invesco Holding Company Limited; Director and Chairman, Fund Management Company (former registered broker dealer); President and Principal Executive Officer, The Invesco Funds (AIM Treasurer's Series Trust (Invesco Treasurer's Series Trust), and Short-Term Investments Trust only); President, AIM Trimark Global Fund Inc. and AIM Trimark Canada Fund Inc.	158	None

¹ Mr. Flanagan is considered an interested person (within the meaning of Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act) of the Trust because he is an officer of the Adviser to the Trust, and an officer and a director of Invesco Ltd., ultimate parent of the Adviser.

² Mr. Taylor is considered an interested person (within the meaning of Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act) of the Trust because he is an officer and a director of the Adviser.

Trustees and Officers—(continued)

Name, Year of Birth and Position(s) Held with the Trust	Trustee and/or Officer Since	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Funds in Fund Complex Overseen by Trustee	Other Directorship(s) Held by Trustee During Past 5 Years
Independent Trustees				
Bruce L. Crockett – 1944 Trustee and Chair	1993	Chairman, Crockett Technologies Associates (technology consulting company) Formerly: Director, Captaris (unified messaging provider); Director, President and Chief Executive Officer, COMSAT Corporation; Chairman, Board of Governors of INTELSAT (international communications company); ACE Limited (insurance company); Independent Directors Council and Investment Company Institute; Member of the Audit Committee, Investment Company Institute; Member of the Executive Committee and Chair of the Governance Committee, Independent Directors Council	158	Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee, ALPS (Attorneys Liability Protection Society) (insurance company); Director and Member of the Audit Committee and Compensation Committee, Ferroglobe PLC (metallurgical company)
David C. Arch – 1945 Trustee	2010	Chairman of Blistex Inc. (consumer health care products manufacturer); Member, World Presidents' Organization	158	Board member of the Illinois Manufacturers' Association
Jack M. Fields – 1952 Trustee	1997	Chief Executive Officer, Twenty First Century Group, Inc. (government affairs company); and Chairman, Discovery Learning Alliance (non-profit) Formerly: Owner and Chief Executive Officer, Dos Angeles Ranch L.P. (cattle, hunting, corporate entertainment); Director, Insperity, Inc. (formerly known as Administaff) (human resources provider); Chief Executive Officer, Texana Timber LP (sustainable forestry company); Director of Cross Timbers Quail Research Ranch (non-profit); and member of the U.S. House of Representatives	158	None
Cynthia Hostetler – 1962 Trustee	2017	Non-Executive Director and Trustee of a number of public and private business corporations Formerly: Director, Aberdeen Investment Funds (4 portfolios); Head of Investment Funds and Private Equity, Overseas Private Investment Corporation; President, First Manhattan Bancorporation, Inc.; Attorney, Simpson Thacher & Bartlett LLP	158	Vulcan Materials Company (construction materials company); Trilinc Global Impact Fund; Genesse Wyoming, Inc. (railroads); Artio Global Investment LLC (mutual fund complex); Edgen Group, Inc. (specialized energy and infrastructure products distributor); Investment Company Institute (professional organization); Independent Directors Council (professional organization)
Eli Jones – 1961 Trustee	2016	Professor and Dean, Mays Business School – Texas A&M University Formerly: Professor and Dean, Walton College of Business, University of Arkansas and E.J. Ourso College of Business, Louisiana State University; Director, Arvest Bank	158	Insperity, Inc. (formerly known as Administaff) (human resources provider)
Prema Mathai-Davis – 1950 Trustee	1998	Retired Co-Owner & Partner of Quantalytics Research, LLC, (a FinTech Investment Research Platform for the Self-Directed Investor)	158	None
Teresa M. Ressel – 1962 Trustee	2017	Non-executive director and trustee of a number of public and private business corporations Formerly: Chief Financial Officer, Olayan America, The Olayan Group (international investor/commercial/industrial); Chief Executive Officer, UBS Securities LLC; Group Chief Operating Officer, Americas, UBS AG; Assistant Secretary for Management & Budget and CFO, US Department of the Treasury	158	Atlantic Power Corporation (power generation company); ON Semiconductor Corp. (semiconductor supplier)
Ann Barnett Stern – 1957 Trustee	2017	President and Chief Executive Officer, Houston Endowment Inc. (private philanthropic institution) Formerly: Executive Vice President and General Counsel, Texas Children's Hospital; Attorney, Beck, Redden and Secrest, LLP; Business Law Instructor, University of St. Thomas; Attorney, Andrews & Kurth LLP	158	Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas
Raymond Stickel, Jr. – 1944 Trustee	2005	Retired Formerly: Director, Mainstay VP Series Funds, Inc. (25 portfolios); Partner, Deloitte & Touche	158	None
Robert C. Troccoli – 1949 Trustee	2016	Adjunct Professor, University of Denver – Daniels College of Business Formerly: Senior Partner, KPMG LLP	158	None
Christopher L. Wilson – 1957 Trustee	2017	Non-executive director and trustee of a number of public and private business corporations Formerly: Director, TD Asset Management USA Inc. (mutual fund complex) (22 portfolios); Managing Partner, CT2, LLC (investing and consulting firm); President/Chief Executive Officer, Columbia Funds, Bank of America Corporation; President/Chief Executive Officer, CDC IXIS Asset Management Services, Inc.; Principal & Director of Operations, Scudder Funds, Scudder, Stevens & Clark, Inc.; Assistant Vice President, Fidelity Investments	158	ISO New England, Inc. (non-profit organization managing regional electricity market)

Trustees and Officers—(continued)

Name, Year of Birth and Position(s) Held with the Trust	Trustee and/or Officer Since	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Funds in Fund Complex Overseen by Trustee	Other Directorship(s) Held by Trustee During Past 5 Years
Other Officers				
Sheri Morris – 1964 President, Principal Executive Officer and Treasurer	1999	<p>President, Principal Executive Officer and Treasurer, The Invesco Funds; Vice President, Invesco Advisers, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco Institutional (N.A.), Inc.) (registered investment adviser); and Vice President, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust II, Invesco India Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Commodity Fund Trust and Invesco Exchange-Traded Self-Indexed Fund Trust</p> <p>Formerly: Vice President and Principal Financial Officer, The Invesco Funds; Vice President, Invesco AIM Advisers, Inc., Invesco AIM Capital Management, Inc. and Invesco AIM Private Asset Management, Inc.; Assistant Vice President and Assistant Treasurer, The Invesco Funds and Assistant Vice President, Invesco Advisers, Inc., Invesco AIM Capital Management, Inc. and Invesco AIM Private Asset Management, Inc.; and Treasurer, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust II, Invesco India Exchange-Traded Fund Trust and Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Fund Trust</p>	N/A	N/A
Russell C. Burk – 1958 Senior Vice President and Senior Officer	2005	Senior Vice President and Senior Officer, The Invesco Funds	N/A	N/A
Jeffrey H. Kupor – 1968 Senior Vice President, Chief Legal Officer and Secretary	2018	<p>Head of Legal of the Americas; Senior Vice President and Secretary, Invesco Advisers, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco Institutional (N.A.), Inc.) (registered investment adviser); Senior Vice President and Secretary, Invesco Distributors, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco AIM Distributors, Inc.); Vice President and Secretary, Invesco Investment Services, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco AIM Investment Services, Inc.) Senior Vice President, Chief Legal Officer and Secretary, The Invesco Funds; Secretary and General Counsel, Invesco Investment Advisers LLC (formerly known as Van Kampen Asset Management); Secretary and General Counsel, Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. (formerly known as Van Kampen Funds Inc.) and Chief Legal Officer, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust II, Invesco India Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Commodity Fund Trust and Invesco Exchange-Traded Self-Indexed Fund Trust; Secretary, Invesco Indexing LLC; Secretary, W.L. Ross & Co., LLC; Secretary and Vice President, Jemstep, Inc.</p> <p>Formerly: Head of Legal, Worldwide Institutional; Secretary and General Counsel, INVESCO Private Capital Investments, Inc.; Senior Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel, Invesco Management Group, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco AIM Management Group, Inc.); Assistant Secretary, INVESCO Asset Management (Bermuda) Ltd.; Secretary and General Counsel, Invesco Private Capital, Inc.; Assistant Secretary and General Counsel, INVESCO Realty, Inc.; Secretary and General Counsel, Invesco Senior Secured Management, Inc.; and Secretary, Sovereign G./P. Holdings Inc.</p>	N/A	N/A
John M. Zerr – 1962 Senior Vice President	2006	<p>Chief Operating Officer of the Americas; Senior Vice President, Invesco Advisers, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco Institutional (N.A.), Inc.) (registered investment adviser); Senior Vice President, Invesco Distributors, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco AIM Distributors, Inc.); Director and Vice President, Invesco Investment Services, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco AIM Investment Services, Inc.) Senior Vice President, The Invesco Funds; Managing Director, Invesco Capital Management LLC; Director, Invesco Investment Advisers LLC (formerly known as Van Kampen Asset Management); Senior Vice President, Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. (formerly known as Van Kampen Funds Inc.); Manager, Invesco Indexing LLC</p> <p>Formerly: Director and Senior Vice President, Invesco Management Group, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco AIM Management Group, Inc.); Secretary and General Counsel, Invesco Management Group, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco AIM Management Group, Inc.); Secretary, Invesco Investment Services, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco AIM Investment Services, Inc.); Chief Legal Officer and Secretary, The Invesco Funds; Secretary and General Counsel, Invesco Investment Advisers LLC (formerly known as Van Kampen Asset Management); Secretary and General Counsel, Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. (formerly known as Van Kampen Funds Inc.); Chief Legal Officer, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust II, Invesco India Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Commodity Fund Trust and Invesco Exchange-Traded Self-Indexed Fund Trust; Secretary, Invesco Indexing LLC; Director, Secretary, General Counsel and Senior Vice President, Van Kampen Exchange Corp.; Director, Vice President and Secretary, IVZ Distributors, Inc. (formerly known as INVESCO Distributors, Inc.); Director and Vice President, INVESCO Funds Group, Inc.; Director and Vice President, Van Kampen Advisors Inc.; Director, Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel, Van Kampen Investor Services Inc.; Director and Secretary, Invesco Distributors, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco AIM Distributors, Inc.); Director, Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary, Invesco AIM Advisers, Inc. and Van Kampen Investments Inc.; Director, Vice President and Secretary, Fund Management Company; Director, Senior Vice President, Secretary, General Counsel and Vice President, Invesco AIM Capital Management, Inc.; Chief Operating Officer and General Counsel, Liberty Ridge Capital, Inc. (an investment adviser)</p>	N/A	N/A

Trustees and Officers—(continued)

Name, Year of Birth and Position(s) Held with the Trust	Trustee and/or Officer Since	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Funds in Fund Complex Overseen by Trustee	Other Directorship(s) Held by Trustee During Past 5 Years
Other Officers—(continued)				
Gregory G. McGreevey – 1962 Senior Vice President	2012	Senior Managing Director, Invesco Ltd.; Director, Chairman, President, and Chief Executive Officer, Invesco Advisers, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco Institutional (N.A.), Inc.) (registered investment adviser); Director, Invesco Mortgage Capital, Inc. and Invesco Senior Secured Management, Inc.; and Senior Vice President, The Invesco Funds Formerly: Senior Vice President, Invesco Management Group, Inc. and Invesco Advisers, Inc.; Assistant Vice President, The Invesco Funds	N/A	N/A
Kelli Gallegos – 1970 Vice President, Principal Financial Officer and Assistant Treasurer	2008	Vice President and Treasurer, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust II, Invesco India Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Commodity Fund Trust and Invesco Exchange-Traded Self-Indexed Fund Trust; Vice President, Principal Financial Officer and Assistant Treasurer, The Invesco Funds; Principal Financial and Accounting Officer – Pooled Investments, Invesco Capital Management LLC Formerly: Assistant Treasurer, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust II, Invesco India Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Commodity Fund Trust and Invesco Exchange-Traded Self-Indexed Fund Trust; Assistant Treasurer, Invesco Capital Management LLC; Assistant Vice President, The Invesco Funds	N/A	N/A
Tracy Sullivan – 1962 Vice President, Chief Tax Officer and Assistant Treasurer	2008	Vice President, Chief Tax Officer and Assistant Treasurer, The Invesco Funds; Assistant Treasurer, Invesco Capital Management LLC, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust II, Invesco India Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Fund Trust and Invesco Exchange-Traded Self-Indexed Fund Trust Formerly: Assistant Vice President, The Invesco Funds	N/A	N/A
Crissie M. Wisdom – 1969 Anti-Money Laundering Compliance Officer	2013	Anti-Money Laundering Compliance Officer, Invesco Advisers, Inc. (formerly known as Invesco Institutional (N.A.), Inc.) (registered investment adviser), Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. (formerly known as Van Kampen Funds Inc.), Invesco Distributors, Inc., Invesco Investment Services, Inc., The Invesco Funds, and Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Exchange-Traded Fund Trust II, Invesco India Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Fund Trust, Invesco Actively Managed Exchange-Traded Commodity Fund Trust and Invesco Exchange-Traded Self-Indexed Fund Trust; Anti-Money Laundering Compliance Officer and Bank Secrecy Act Officer, INVESCO National Trust Company and Invesco Trust Company; and Fraud Prevention Manager and Controls and Risk Analysis Manager for Invesco Investment Services, Inc. Formerly: Anti-Money Laundering Compliance Officer, Van Kampen Exchange Corp. and Invesco Management Group, Inc.	N/A	N/A
Robert R. Leveille – 1969 Chief Compliance Officer	2016	Chief Compliance Officer, Invesco Advisers, Inc. (registered investment adviser); and Chief Compliance Officer, The Invesco Funds Formerly: Chief Compliance Officer, Putnam Investments and the Putnam Funds	N/A	N/A

The Statement of Additional Information of the Trust includes additional information about the Fund's Trustees and is available upon request, without charge, by calling 1.800.959.4246. Please refer to the Fund's Statement of Additional Information for information on the Fund's sub-advisers.

Office of the Fund

11 Greenway Plaza, Suite 1000
Houston, TX 77046-1173

Investment Adviser

Invesco Advisers, Inc.
1555 Peachtree Street, N.E.
Atlanta, GA 30309

Distributor

Invesco Distributors, Inc.
11 Greenway Plaza, Suite 1000
Houston, TX 77046-1173

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
1000 Louisiana Street, Suite 5800
Houston, TX 77002-5021

Counsel to the Fund

Stradley Ronon Stevens & Young, LLP
2005 Market Street, Suite 2600
Philadelphia, PA 19103-7018

Counsel to the Independent Trustees

Goodwin Procter LLP
901 New York Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001

Transfer Agent

Invesco Investment Services, Inc.
11 Greenway Plaza, Suite 1000
Houston, TX 77046-1173

Custodian

State Street Bank and Trust Company
225 Franklin Street
Boston, MA 02110-2801